

# Calgary Weekly Herald

AND ALBERTA LIVE STOCK JOURNAL.

Volume VI, Number 4.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1888.

Two Dollars a Year

## THE RANCH.

### OUR CATTLE.

#### The Cattle Foot Visible in English Criticism.

The Montreal Journal of Commerce has the following to say about the Alberta cattle export trade:—Conflicting reports have been received about the reception which the first shipment of ranch cattle of the season recently met with in England. The Montreal firm which sent the lot forward has stated the average price to be a shade under £18, and that the parties made money and were well satisfied. Others say the profit was very slight, if any. The truth will probably be found between the two extremes. The lot, consisting of 225 head, reached the other side nearly two months earlier than the first shipment last year. A Liverpool correspondent, evidently a severe critic, writes that they did not come up to expectations formed regarding them, and that the selection was evidently not made with due regard to British requirements. As they were handled in the sauerkraut lairs, they had to be slaughtered within the regulation ten days, and to a certain extent they suffered by comparison with the States cattle; they also sustained a slight depreciation in prices consequent upon the accession of an extra supply. The high color of the beef is again raised as an objection, but there was no serious complaint as to its quality. The prejudices of the British traders have so far been against Canadian ranch cattle for store purposes, as they are considered too wild and unsuitable in other respects. A practical experiment will probably have to be made to open the eyes of the slow going Briton. Several lots of Ontario store cattle have reached Aberdeen this season and have given satisfaction, but this business has also been started and is maintained against the strong opposition of interested parties. In view of the large quantity of thoroughbred stock in the North west, the adverse comments of English correspondents would scarcely seem to be justified. The large importations of the best English stock have all along shown the determination of Canadian ranchmen to maintain a reputation which would allow no comparison to be possible between Canadian stock and the low-bred scraggy cattle of the American prairies. The development of the Canadian trade and its vast possibilities has, however, aroused the interest of the English live stock breeders. Contracts have been entered into for the shipment of 3,000 or 4,000 head of Canadian ranch cattle this season, and the cloven foot is seen in the following, written from the other side: "It is to be hoped those to follow will show better on arrival, otherwise, judging the stock from the sample, I fear the transaction will not be very satisfactory for the enterprising shippers." The enterprising shippers will probably take this gratuitous advice in good part and not be all discouraged."

### ALBERTA STOCK RAISING.

#### What Dr. Fream Thinks of the Present and Future of Alberta's Industries.

Dr. Fream, agricultural editor of the London Morning Post and professor of the College of Agriculture, Downton, Salisbury, England, who recently arrived here from London, England, returned on Monday from a trip to the coast. On his way out he made a stay at Calgary and drove over a goodly portion of Alberta. To a Call reporter Dr. Fream said he was much impressed with the growth of Calgary since his last visit, several fine stone buildings having been erected, giving the place a solid and permanent aspect. Speaking of the cattle trade Dr. Fream said that it was growing rapidly and thought that in the near future the export trade from the Northwest to England would reach very extensive proportions. He says that Alberta has an advantage over the Argentine Republic—the present source of a large part of the British meat supply—as it is impossible to ship cattle from the latter place to England as from Alberta, and consequently Alberta must when able to supply the demand, secure the lion's share of this trade. On enquiry Dr. Fream ascertained that the freight on a full grown animal from Calgary to Liverpool amounts to \$30, at which figure Dr. Fream thinks Northwest cattle can be profitably placed in the English market. Dr. Fream, however, is of the opinion that the cattle raisers should infuse new blood into their herds by importing leading strains from the Old Country. He fears that some of the ranchmen are breeding in too closely for the benefit of their stock. While in Alberta Dr. Fream noticed an extraordinary vigor in the horse ranching enterprise in that district. This year the Bow River Horse Ranching Company will export from thirty to forty head of horses to England. This will be the first shipment of the kind from the Northwest. The com-

pany employs Englishmen to break horses for use in Great Britain, thereby adding not a little to their value in the old country markets. This company is importing high class stallions and Irish brood mares to improve the standard of their stock. Dr. Fream believes that a big trade in heavy draught horses will develop in British Columbia as that province becomes opened up.

Referring to the dairying Dr. Fream said that four years ago he urged the people to embark in this important industry, but very little was done in this direction until last year, up to which time 80 per cent. of the butter used in Calgary was imported, but now they are commencing dairying in earnest and the town is shipping out fresh butter. John Lineham, a member of the N.W. Legislative Assembly intends to start a cheese factory in Calgary next spring, and will provide for the milk of 500 cows. The first dairy in the district was started this year at Snake Creek with 20 cows, and the H.E. Co., bought all the butter produced at 25 cents a pound. Dr. Fream made enquiries while at Vancouver and Victoria in reference to the butter trade, and found that there was a large market for fresh butter, which should be supplied by the Northwest. Fresh butter at Victoria brings 50 cents per pound, and Ontario salt 30 cents. An enterprising San Francisco merchant proposes establishing a dairy at Calgary to make butter for the California trade, and it is highly probable that he will make a fortune out of the venture. Dr. Fream saw a cheese factory at Grenfell which consumes the milk of between 300 and 400 cows, and another at Waseley which consumes the milk of 300 cows. The products of these factories is all disposed of at good prices in the west.

Dr. Fream was much struck with the enterprise displayed by the citizens of Vancouver. He says that many English people and a great deal of British capital are finding their way there. He believes that splendid fruits will be grown in British Columbia on the western slopes of the hills, in a few years, and that farming generally in that Province will improve and develop quickly from this time out.

Dr. Fream goes east today and will spend a short time in Ontario before leaving for England.—Morning Call.

### A Montana Horse Thief.

Fort Belknap, (Mont.) River Press.

The horse-stealing industry is being revived in Montana, and, like all the western enterprises, is inaugurated on the western country of great mountains and broad plains; of great rivers and magnificent scenery; of immense mines and countless herds, it is engaged in on the heroic plan. Petty horse thieving is considered disreputable by the master minds of the craft. Nothing short of a whole band will satisfy the ambition of a well-bred Montana horse thief. He seems to take a single horse. A single spool is beneath his notice. He soars to greater achievements. Another peculiarity about the Montana horse thief is, he attempts no concealment of his line of travel. He carries his gall as he carries his blankets and pistols—wilt him all the time. With the cheek of a traitor. Falls politician, he will drive his ten band of 100 or 200 head through any or all of the small towns which may happen to lie between his starting and his objective point. He holds that thus to court danger he avoids it, for if he should attempt to drive around settlement and seek paths and byways, instead of boldly pursuing the highway, he would excite suspicion and an examination of the band, which might lead to his arrest, and possibly a disagreeable interview with Judge Lynch.

His cool effrontery would not shame that of a newspaper man. He has been known to rest and gaze his band near a town, and attend a prayer meeting. But he has his eyes wide open all the time. Nothing escapes his keen gaze. Sheriffs and constables are objects of special interest to him. He soon learns to recognize them. He is a fighter from "way back," and it is seldom an officer gets the drop on him. But, like the petty thief, he is sooner or later caught. When this does occur, he consoles himself with the reflection that he is no common thief, but an aristocrat in the society of criminals, possessing ambitions and aspirations far above those of the common herd. One of this class passed through Choteau the other day, but he had only 40 head of stolen horses.

### Bunch Grass for Horses.

Rocky Mountain Husbandman.

We have written a great deal within the past 12 years in regard to the merits of our Montana bunch grass as a feed for stock and especially horses; have set up the claim for superiority of the Montana horse, largely based upon this feed, yet we are aware that there are many other things that contribute to his well-being almost, if not quite, as much as bunch grass. One of these is the quality of our oats and another the absence of corn. Men have often ridiculed our claim for bunch grasses on the grounds that many of our fine horses are kept in stables, and that hay and oats have entered largely into their bill of fare as well as bunch grass. Now we are willing to admit that Montana has but few, if any, celebrities on the

turf that have fed upon bunch grass alone, although it is the staple food for the common herd, but in the way we get our bunch grass and a kindred herb, bluejoint, which is very excellent. Our oats are of such a superior quality in state, oats and the impossibility to get corn has no doubt much to do with the excellent condition of our horses. A good horseman from the States recently remarked to us that the quality of our oats and the absence of corn alone ought to insure the Montana horse a great advantage over the animal grown in the States, and he was correct. Altitude, climate, pure air, bunch grass and gravelly hills, all lend their influence in the make-up of our horses, yet there is no doubt that the advantage of not being able to get corn is of itself sufficient to warrant a marked superiority in the horse grown in the territory over the corn growing countries.

### The Best Grasses.

There are several cattle raisers in this country having extensive ranges in the mountain districts who have experimented a great deal from time to time with the object of securing better grass than the natural feed now growing on their ranges. Alfalfa, rye grass, millet, Bermuda grass and in fact every grass or feed that has come to their attention has been given a trial. Alfalfa will flourish and do well for a short period, until the gophers cut off the roots, when, of course, it dies. In rolling hills the gophers cannot be drowned out. The Australian rye grass and millet does well in the low and damp flats so numerous in the mountains of the section. But these flats are very small and generally some distance apart. Bermuda grass will also grow on these flats and in places where the soil has been turned over and the sod pulverized, or where brush has been burned on the ground. The most successful grass yet found for cultivation in the mountain districts is, probably, the common salt grass on our plains. One or two persons who have tried to grow it claim to have met with fair success, and of the opinion that it is the coming mountain feed. In the hills this grass loses much of its salty character, and everybody knows it makes splendid winter feed for stock.—Exchange.

### The Range not Gone.

Rocky Mountain Husbandman.

While we do now and ever shall continue to urge upon cattle men the importance of preparing winter feed, we do not for a moment claim that the day of range husbandry are at an end. We are well aware of the fact that range husbandry will continue to be a prosperous business for years. But what we do claim is that it is far better to prepare winter feed. The security which hay will give is worth all that it will cost to prepare it. We may have ten years without the necessity of winter feed, but we have no guarantee of this, and the history of the past proves that the only sure and safe way of handling stock is having prepared feed. A number of stockmen who claimed to have a small lot of hay, one hard winter, owe the existence of their herds to that fact, and although stock will no doubt continue to winter on our ranges for years, yet it is safer and more businesslike to be fortified against winter losses by preparing hay.

### Wild Horses.

Mr. Steele, in his paper on "Wild Horses," says the origin of the wild horse is traced through tradition to Central Asia as the aboriginal abode of the horse, while the Mexican Mustang and bucki are descendants of domesticated animals introduced from Europe. He gives the date 1537 as the landing of first horse in America at Buenos Ayres.

Mr. Wm. Cermack, of Chesley, Ont., one of the large syndicate who have been buying cattle for the English and Scotch market is in town.

Louis Clark, who has recently started a ranch near Walsh, will leave next week for the east to purchase between sixty and seventy head of young heifers. Mr. Clark has a good range and is determined to make a success of ranching.—Medicine Hat Times.

Mr. Robert McGregor, of Manitoba, brought in Saturday two car loads of bulls. One car were highland cattle from the Riding Mountain Ranch in Northern Manitoba. They are a fine lot of that hardy breed of cattle. Messrs. Sampson and Harford have secured the lot. The other carload was purchased by Mr. Geo. Lane for the Northwest Cattle Ranch. They are Grades and rolled Angus and are also a choice lot.

## TERRITORIAL.

### A Grant for Manitoba University.

WINNIPEG, 19.—A deputation waited upon the Hon. Mr. Dewdney yesterday to secure a land grant for Manitoba University. All assistance possible was promised. Mr. Dewdney left for Ottawa last night.

### Fatal Runaway.

INDIAN HEAD 20.—Wm. Dixon, a young farmer, was killed yesterday while loading grain. His horses ran away.

### Arranging with the H. B. R. R.

WINNIPEG, 19.—A meeting of the executive committee of the Manitoba Government was held last night. It is understood that arrangements were practically concluded with the Hudson's Bay Railway people for the extension of that road 60 miles this season.

### Barely Escaped.

SWIFT CURRENT, 21.—It is reported here that the hands working on Sir John Lester Kaye's farm at Rush Lake were caught by a prairie fire while asleep in their tents, and barely escaped with their lives. The tents and all their contents were burned, also a large quantity of hay. Prairie fires are becoming numerous throughout this section just now.

### Successful Candidates.

The following are the successful Alberta candidates at the recent examination for teachers' certificates.

First class.—Grade "A;" Sister Mary Green, Calgary. Annie Grant, Prince Albert.

Second class.—Grade "B;" Sister Josephine Quigley, Sister O'Neills, Calgary.

Third class.—Arthur Cox, Lethbridge. Mrs. J. B. Jacques, Annie York, Calgary.

### Band Breeces.

BANFF, Alta., Sept. 14.—The treasurer of the Banff brewery, James Stewart, absconded last night with a large amount of money and some money which was entrusted to his care by one of the patrons of the brewery.

Mounted Policeman R. Sherman of "E" Troop, deserted the detachment at Banff and no doubt by this time he is under the Stars and Stripes. His reason for desertion is supposed to be that he applied for his discharge and it would not be granted by the commandant.

Lieut.-Governor Schultz and lady, arrived at midnight in Supt. Whyte's private car. They are driving around this afternoon and apparently enjoying themselves very much. Supt. Whyte accompanied the party.

Thomas Connors, formerly of the Potter House, Winnipeg, is now running the National Park hotel.

W. H. Farmington, a Winnipegger, died suddenly of dropsy at the Hot Springs hotel.

### Midnapore Happenings.

MIDNAPORE 18.—Grain cutting is still in full swing, but the bulk of the work will be got through this week. There are not enough binders in the district and several farmers have had to cradle their grain and bind by hand.

Mr. Leo Slattery has hired Mr. Livingstone's threshing machine and intends starting out this week.

The trustees of the school are not in any hurry to repair the windows broken by the hail storm five weeks ago. It would also be no detriment to the building if it were painted.

The Northwest prohibitory alliance, head quarters of which are at Qu'Appelle, are busy sending circulars all over the Territories to endeavor to establish fresh branches. Their object is to hold a meeting at Regina in the second week of the coming session of the Legislative assembly and they want as many liquor cranks as possible to be present. It is a pity that these people have not something to keep them occupied, they had much better mind their own business. If they do not want beer they not drink it. In Alberta we do want it and also wines and spirits. It is time this teetotal fanaticism were knocked in the head. The absence of liquors is a continual annoyance to individuals and a most serious impediment to immigration. T.W.T.

### BAD INDIANS AT MACLEOD.

The Police Fire on one and Arrest Another.

The Indian named The Dog had on other narrow escape from being captured on Monday night. He had ventured to town, and a policeman recognized him and pounced upon him. Three or four other Indians came to The Dog's rescue, and succeeded in pulling the policeman off, when the Dog skipped. By this time the town detachment got on to the racket and started in pursuit, but being on foot, could not catch him. They fired twice at the Indian, once at close quarters, but the horse plunged and got the ball in

tend of the Indian who finally escaped. Supt. Neale arrested Star Child on Monday. Star Child is wanted on several different charges and only the other day eluded arrest on the Blood Reserve. On Monday he came up to shake hands with Supt. Neale, who recognizing him, seized him by the wrist and held him until a passing policeman took him in charge.—Macleod Gazette.

### MR. WILLIAM MCGIR.

Late Chief Clerk, Indian Department, Regina, is presented with an Address and Testimonial by Brother Officials.

REGINA 20.—On Tuesday evening, Mr. W. McGirr, chief clerk of the Indian Office here since 1881, and brother to Mr. John McGirr, clerk of statistics in the Indian Department at Ottawa, was presented with an address and a magnificent diamond scarf pin on the eve of his departure for Ottawa, where he goes as private secretary (in Indian Affairs) to the Hon. Mr. Dewdney. Mr. McGirr is a native of Russell county, Ont., and since his arrival at Regina seven years ago, has made hosts of friends in the Territories, where he is very popular. He is one of the largest property holders in the Northwest capital. The following is the address:—"W. McGirr, Esq., Chief Clerk.

DEAR SIR.—We who constitute the staff of the Commissioner's office, of which for years you have been the chief clerk, desire to express our regret to learn that we are about to lose you from our midst. We feel confident that although at a distance, you will in your new position have our interests at heart, because we have recalled the many instances in which you have spontaneously exerted yourself to secure to your juniors recognition of such merit as you observed them to possess.

We desire to bear witness to the fact that the high standard of efficiency reached by this office has been largely due to the example set by you, and that your duty of maintaining such a standard has always been discharged with impartiality and courtesy.

We hope that this slight token of our kindly regard which we now beg you to accept will serve to recall memories of an intercourse in which we sincerely hope the pleasure has not been altogether on one side.

Hayter Reed, F. H. Paget, Alex. McGibbon and twenty others.

### REPLY.

Mr. McGirr who was naturally much affected at this warm tribute from his co-workers and at parting with old friends, said:—

Mr. Reed and fellow clerks—I can assure you that this is an unexpected pleasure. It is one which I appreciate to the fullest possible extent. My long connection with this office has endeared its associations to me, and it is with feelings of regret that I sever my connection with it.

As you all know, the work which had to be performed in this department was, by no means light, but I found when responsibility rested upon me in days gone by the burden was constantly being relieved by the sympathetic of the Commissioner and his Assistant and the willing hands of a staff of officers who would rank high in any service.

Gentlemen, during the time I have been connected with the office, I have endeavored to do my duty. I have advocated recognition of ability and attention to duty above other claims. I still hold, and, so far as any influence I may have goes, will contend for it in the future. If it be carried out—and I think it will—then I have no fear but that you will all receive advancement in due course.

Be good enough to accept my thanks for this magnificent present which accompanies this address. I shall keep it and the address in lasting remembrance of the generous feelings and sentiments of those who I am proud to be able to call my sincere friends.

Mr. McGirr is the recipient of many valuable mementoes from Regina admirers. His absence deprives the Indian office here of an able and practical official, a genial acquaintance and an honest man.

### About Calgary's Convent.

Col. Amoyt, who commanded the 9th Battalion stationed here during the rebellion, is making a number of speeches on behalf of the liberal candidates in Quebec.

In a late speech he remarked:—"Four years ago Sir John established twenty-seven agricultural instructors in the Northwest, yet even in the districts where French is spoken almost exclusively, not a French Canadian or Catholic was appointed. He founded two industrial colleges, one at Qu'Appelle and another at Calgary, but one of the conditions was that there should be no French or Catholic teachers, and that the French and Catholic religion should not be taught. A convent had been founded at Calgary, but on condition that there be no French nuns and that French was not to be taught." "There are representatives of the press here," exclaimed the speaker, "and I wish to be stated the member for Bellechasse declares these things on his own responsibility." He then said that he had himself seen agents follow the poor Metis when they had scrip, and with the aid of a few bottles of liquor and a few dollars soon get their land and have them turned out on the prairie.



**LOST**  
LOST—A Red Cow about 4 years old, in full milk, branded UN monogram on right hip. Any one finding above will leave word at this office.

**FOUND**  
FOUND—One Sorrel horse with bald face and white hind feet, branded with a large M on left shoulder, also two bay mares supposed to be Canadian bred, quiet and no brands, scar on shoulder of one. Enquire at Herald Office.

**\$50 REWARD**—Lost one large brown mare, indistinct Bar brand on left hip, no white, heavy with foal, scar on left hind fetlock joint, also one bay mare, branded tail and large saddle marks on back. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the said animals. Address W. W. Stewart, Morley P.O. or to the Herald.

**\$50 REWARD**—Strayed from Pine Creek on April 15th, one dark bay mare branded monogram M on left shoulder and a bay colt on left hip, white spot on nose also one black bay filly 3 years old 15 hands high no brands and no white. The above reward will be paid to any one leaving information that will lead to the recovery of the same. J. W. McLaughlin Pine Creek.

**FOUND**  
NEAR COCHRANE, Cayuse mare, branded by A on right shoulder. Owner can have her by proving property, and paying expenses to.  
218-28th W. R. W. COWAN, Cochrane.

**HORSES WANTED.**  
FOR pasturage, two miles from town, 140 acres fenced, with stream running through; work driving horses. Delivered any time. Apply J. SOMERS, Calgary, P.O. 148.  
July 24-2m

**\$10.00 REWARD.**  
STRAYED from Rosebud Ranch, one brown mare, branded D on left shoulder. Had on a halter and piece of rope. Also one dark brown cayuse mare branded A. The above reward will be paid to any person delivering them at the ranch or to Bann & Hamilton's stable, Calgary.  
D. McEACHERN, Rosebud Ranch, Calgary, P.O. 198-D Tux W to

**\$15 and \$5 Reward.**  
STRAYED, from Nose Creek, 1 head short horn Bull, branded DV on left side, 5 two-year-olds, some branded. Five dollars reward for the bull and fifteen for the two-year-olds, delivered either at the ranch or to Bann & Hamilton's stable.  
PETTAPICKE & POTTER, Calgary, June 14th, 1888.

**STRAYED.**  
STRAYED, ONE BAY HORSE 15 hands, 2 inches in height, branded TL monogram (1-10) Lynch brand on right shoulder and circle on right hip. Has white star on forehead and halter marks on nose. A suitable reward will be paid to the finder on returning the same to.  
F. DE WINTON, Bann Ranch, Bow River

**\$50 REWARD**  
STRAYED, from High River Range, there were 4 mares, 1 bay horse, 1 yearling colt, two yearling colts not branded. I will give fifty dollars reward to any one that will deliver the same at my ranch, at the crossing of High River, on the Macleod road, or for any information that would lead to the recovery of the same. My brand is on left shoulder.  
J. J. SULLIVAN

**HORSES LOST**  
Strayed from T. Chamberlain's, Stoney Creek, the following horses:—1 Black Mare with Buck skin branding; 1 Bay Mare, blaze on nose, four white feet, white spot on belly, brand P on right shoulder; 1 Bay gelding, scar on forehead, four white feet, brand P on right shoulder; 1 Roan filly, blaze on nose, brand P on right shoulder; 1 White Roan gelding, blaze on nose, brand P on right shoulder. All branded JF in centre of forehead. I will give a reward of \$50, either at the ranch or at Bann & Co.'s stable, Calgary, to any person finding same.  
J. WILKINS BRANKLEY.

**NOTICE.**  
J. W. COCKLE, having left Calgary, all orders in the Taxidermist line, will now be attended to by W. G. MACKEY, at the old stand, Stephen Avenue.  
256-311-4w

**HEREFORD CATTLE.**  
**THOROUGHBREDS!**  
For Sale this Spring: Several Bulls and three cows. This surplus stock to be sold at prices to suit all classes of stockmen.  
O. GREGG, Pale Face Ban' PEKISKO.

**ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**  
OF E. PASKE SMITH AND BENTLEY MOORE. Notice is hereby given that the above firm have made no assignment to me for the benefit of their creditors. Creditors must file their claims with me on or before the 30th day of June 1888, after which date I will proceed to distribute the estate having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.  
F. W. PETTIT, Trustee, Calgary, N. W. T.  
Dated at Calgary the 28th day of May, A. D. 1888.

**JAMES F. LAWRENCE.**  
Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Horse brand same on left thigh. Vent 'for both, bar through brand. Pedigree Hereford bulls and heifers, also Shorthorn bulls and heifers for sale. Address JAMES F. LAWRENCE, Springwater Ranch, Calgary.

**QUEEN RANCH CO.**  
J. J. Brier, Manager, Range, Sheep Creek and High River. Address, Box 66, Calgary, N. W. T. Marks, cattle on right side of neck. Cattle brand same as cut. Vent, same as brand on right shoulder.

Horse brand same as cut on left side. Vent, same as cut on right side. Brand on left side of neck. Cattle brand same as cut on left shoulder.

**STEWART RANCHE COMPANY, (Limited).**  
Range—Puncher Creek, near Fort Macleod. Address—Fort Macleod, N. W. T. Owners of cattle and horses branded 4 on left hip, and cattle TM connected on left hip. Ear marks—Right ear cropped, left ear underbit. Horse brand—SC on left shoulder.  
2-1y

**H. GOLDFINCH.**  
Range, Bow River. Address, Langdon. Cattle Brand, same as cut, on left side. Horse Brand, same as cut, on left shoulder. Also owner of cattle branded horseshoe and frog.

**J. D. LAUDER.**  
Range—Elbow River. Address—Calgary. Vent—Bar under brand. 61-ly

**JAMES MITCHELL**  
Range, between Bow and Elbow rivers. Address, Stud Ranch, Calgary, Alberta. Horse Brand, same as cut on left shoulder with cut the rail. Cattle brand, same as cut on left side. Vent, same as cut without rail.

**W. HUCKVALE**  
Range, Big Bend, Belly River. Address, Macleod, Alta. Cattle Brand, same as cut on left hip. Vent, same on left shoulder.

**WINDER RANCH COMPANY.**  
Range, Willow Creek. Address, Macleod, Alberta. Horse Brand, same as cattle on left shoulder. This year's colts branded double crank on left jaw.

**BREALEY BROTHERS.**  
Address, Calgary. Range, Beaver Dam. Horse Brand, same as cut on left side. Also own cattle branded BB on left hip and O—E on left side.

**MOUNT ROYAL RANCH.**  
W. C. WELLS, PROPRIETOR, E. N. BROWN. Address, Cochrane, N. W. T. Range, Bow and Ghost Rivers.

**LOUIS ROSELLE.**  
Range, Elbow River. Address, Calgary, Alberta. Brand, same as cut. Vent, bar through brand.

**W. PODGER.**  
Range, Little Bow. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut, on left ribs. Horse brand HP on left hip. Also owner of all cattle branded J L. Onright.

**STUART BROS.**  
Range, Jumping Pond. Brand same as cut on right hip. Also own cattle branded same left side. Address W. W. Stuart, Minnwa d, N. W. T.

**T. BANBUHY.**  
Range, Pine Creek. Address, Calgary, N. W. T.

**CROSS BROTHERS.**  
Range, Mosquito Creek and Little Bow River. Address, High River. Horse Brand, same on left shoulder. Also own horses branded same as cut on right side and thigh. One cattle branded JN on right side and thigh.

**THE COCHRANE RANCH CO. (Limited)**  
Head Office, Montreal, P. Q. President, Hon. M. H. Cochrane, Vice-President, Jas. A. Cochrane, Sec. Treas., J. M. Browning.

**QUEEN RANCH CO.**  
J. J. Brier, Manager, Range, Sheep Creek and High River. Address, Box 66, Calgary, N. W. T. Marks, cattle on right side of neck. Cattle brand same as cut. Vent, same as brand on right shoulder.

Range, Between Kootenai and Belly Rivers. Address, Macleod, N. W. T. Vent, inverted U on left side. Double Dewlap on calves branded after 1884. Underbit out of left ear of calves branded up to 1884. Vent for horses, inverted R on left hip. Also owners of cattle with double dewlap, and branded with square and compass on right hip.

**INDERWICK & LEATHAM.**  
Range—Between Middle and North Forks of Old Man's River. Address—Fort Macleod, N. W. T. Vent—Brand inverted Owners of cattle branded 1 on left side. Calves—Swallow fork on left ear. Horse brand—A on left hip. Horse vent—Same on left shoulder.

**BOW RIVER HORSE CO. (Limited).**  
Head office: Emmington, Devonshire, England. Vice-President, Charles Elliott, Esq. Range, between Bow and Elbow Rivers. Address of the Co., Cochrane P. O. Alberta. Brands, JH on left ribs and hip. Also owners of the old C brand of horses. Also own horses branded monogram JH on left shoulder, or hip or both. Vent, inverted C on left hip. Well broken horses always for sale at reasonable prices.  
J. H. MORRISON, Manager, Cochrane Alta.

**BLUNT & HOLMES.**  
Address—Calgary. Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Also some of cattle branded OVS on left side. Horse brand same as cut on left shoulder 138

**LITTLE BOW RANCHE CO.**  
Range, Little Bow and Mosquito Creek. Cattle brand, same as cut on left ribs. Horse brand same as cut on left thigh. Vent, same as cut, on right thigh.

**PRIMROSE RANCH CO.**  
Range, Big Lake and Little Bow. Address, Calgary. Brand, same as cut.

**THE NEW OXLEY, (CANADA) RANCH CO. (Limited).**  
Range—Porepines and Willow Creek. Address—H. Stanley Pinhorn, Manager, Fort Macleod, N. W. T.

**J. W. BRANKLEY.**  
Range, Stoney Creek. Address, Calgary, Alta. Brand 5X on right hip.

**THOMAS BEHAN.**  
Range, between Bow and Elbow Rivers. Address, Stud Ranch, Calgary, Alberta. Brand 701 on left hip. Horse Brand, Diamond on left shoulder. Vent, 701 under brand.

**MAIN & DENNIS.**  
Range, Big Bend, Belly River and Upper Teton Valley. Address, Lethbridge, N. W. T., and Old agency M. T. Horse Brand, 5 on left thigh. Also owners of the 6 and 69 brands.

**JOHN WADE.**  
Range, Sheep Creek. Address, Okatoka, Alta.

**CHARLES CAREY.**  
Range, Bow River, west of the Gap. Address, Canmore, N. W. T. Cattle Brand, same as cut, vent, rut bar over brand.

**JOHN THOMPSON.**  
Address, Dunbow. Range, near south of High River. Brand, one on left side. Vent 16 on left hip.

**W. SKRINE.**  
Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut, on right ribs. Vent, same as cut, on right hip.

Range—Between Pine Creek and Sheep Creek. Cattle Brand "A" on right side. Horse Brand—Same on right shoulder. Vent—Bar beneath the brand. MESSRS. BONE, WRIGHT & TURNER, Calgary, N. W. T.

**THE POWDER RIVER CATTLE COMPANY.**  
Address, E. W. MURPHY, Manager, Macleod, ALBERTA. Range: Mosquito Creek and Little Bow River.

Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut on left ribs. Ear mark, swallow fork on both ears. Vent inverted on left shoulder. Horse brand, same as cut on left shoulder.

**HULL TROUNCE & CO.**  
Range, Fish Creek. Address, Calgary, Alta. Vent, reversed T under brand. Contract for domestic range stock, in large or small quantities, for spring.

**W. I. IKIN.**  
Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut on left ribs. Ear mark, swallow fork on both ears. Vent inverted on left shoulder. Horse brand, same as cut on left shoulder.

**JAMES WALKER**  
Range, Bow River east of Calgary. Address, Calgary, N. W. T. Horse Brand same, on left shoulder. Vent, Cattle, same on left side. Vent, Horses, same on left hip.

**MATTHEW COOK.**  
Address, Gleichen. Range, Rosebud River. Horse brand, same as cut on left shoulder.

**RICARDO & WILLIAMS.**  
Range, north of the Bow. Address, Box 212, Calgary. Brand, same as cut on left hip. Vent, small 6 over brand.

**BRITISH COLUMBIA CATTLE CO.**  
Range, Mosquito Creek. Address, Calgary, N. W. T. Horse brand 2 on left thigh.

**W. C. CONRAD.**  
Range, Little Bow River. Address, H. Harris, Lethbridge. Horse Brand, on left thigh. Vent, on cattle, Z on left shoulder.

**ALEXANDER RANCH.**  
GEORGE ALEXANDER, H. B. ALEXANDER. Range, south of Mosquito Creek, west of Macleod trail. Address, Mosquito Creek via Calgary, N. W. T. Horse brand, same as cut upright on left shoulder. Calves, same as cut on both hips, and left ear Crop. Vent, brand reversed.

**SOULES & McINNIS.**  
Range, between Fish and Pine Creek. Address, Calgary, N. W. T. Horses branded same as cut on left shoulder.

**ALISA RANCH.**  
Range—Between Pine Creek and Sheep Creek. Cattle Brand "A" on right side. Horse Brand—Same on right shoulder. Vent—Bar beneath the brand. MESSRS. BONE, WRIGHT & TURNER, Calgary, N. W. T.

**BROOKE & ALLFRET.**  
Range between Middle and North Forks of Old Man's River. Address, Pincher Creek, N. W. T. Vent, same on left hip. Horse brand, same on left shoulder. Marks both ears split.

**J. WALTER INGS. FREDERICK W. INGS. INGS BROTHERS.**  
Range, North Fork, High River. Address, High River, Alberta, N. W. T. Horse brand, on left shoulder.

**WILLIAM POLLOCK.**  
Range, Fish Creek. Address, Maple Creek. Brand, same as cut. Vent, same as shoulder. Also own horse branded on right shoulder.

**I. G. BAKER & CO.**  
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Owners of cattle branded 82 on left side and 4 on left hip.

**S. LIVINGSTON.**  
Range, Elbow River. Address, Calgary, Alberta, N. W. T. Horse Brand, same as cut on left hip.

**NORTH-WEST CATTLE CO. (Limited).**  
Head Office, Montreal, Q. President, Andrew Allan, Managing Director, F. S. Stinson. Range, High River. Address, High River N. W. T. Horse Brand, same as cut on left shoulder.

**T. H. STEADMAN.**  
Fort Macleod. Address, Fort Macleod, N. W. T. Vent, same on left hip.

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**HERBERT SAMSON.**  
Range, Little Bow and Mosquito Creek. Address, High River. Cattle Brand, XV on left side. Horse Brand, same as cut on left hip. Also own horses and cattle branded 81 on left side.

**B. PRUEN.**  
Range, mouth of High River, north of the Bow. Address, Calgary. Horse Brand same as cut on right shoulder. Marks, this year's calves wattle on right thigh.

**T. O. CRITCHLEY.**  
Range, Nose creek. Address, Calgary. Brand, 2 on left shoulder. Vent, 2 on left hip.

**THE McHUGH RANCHE CO.**  
Range, Little Bow River Park. P. O.—Calgary. Cattle Brand same as cut, clip off right ear. Also owner of cattle branded 8 on right shoulder. Horse brand J on right shoulder. Heavy draught & general purpose stallions for sale.

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North Fork, Old Man's River and Beaver Creek. Brands—Cattle, W. R. on the left ribs and calves since 1884 bar on the left hip. Ear marks—Right split, left two underneath. Vent—W. R. (Monogram) on left thigh. Horses—W. R. (Monogram) on left hip. Vent—W. R. (Monogram) on left shoulder. P. O.—Fort Macleod, Alberta. G. W. Fendley, Local Manager. Wm. Bick V.S., Clerk of the Ranches. D. McEACHERN, Managing Director, Montreal.

Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut, on right ribs. Vent, same as cut, on right hip.



## CORRESPONDENCE.

### PUBLIC OPINION.

The **HERALD** as an exponent of public opinion publishes correspondence from any of its readers so long as it is within the bounds of propriety. The paper does not however, necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by its correspondents. Correspondence to secure insertion must be brief and to the point.

To the Editor of the **HERALD**.

SIR,—As secretary of the Executive Committee of the Citizens Fall Race Meeting, and acting on instructions conveyed in a resolution passed by that committee, I wish to occupy a few lines of your paper in answer to an editorial which appeared in the **Macleod Gazette** of Sept. 13th under the heading "The Calgary Races." This article is a most atrocious slander and a mere tissue of falsehoods.

As you, Sir, and your readers are fully aware the meeting was a decided success and ran smoothly with the exception one race,—the free for all trot. Imagine then the absurdity and falseness of this article, when you learn that it starts out with the unqualified falsehood:—"The fall race meeting at Calgary last week was an utterly disgraceful and crooked affair." The article throughout is evidently aimed at the judges who are accused as follows:—"Horses that fairly won were put back, judges were coerced or bullied into giving wrong decisions, even if worse charges could not be laid against them, and the best horse was evidently a little more likely to lose than win."

Certainly a more unjust or groundless charge was never made. It is, however, in the pretended description of the free for all trot that the most glaring falsehood shows up.

The article states that Col. Herchmer, who acted as a judge on the second day had to intervene to prevent a gross fraud. Its words are:—"Although fairly beaten the other two judges insisted upon giving Rosy P. the race. It had therefore been declared that the mare would be given the race under any circumstances." Col. Herchmer held out against this decision, but it was two to one. He finally told the other judges that, unless all pools and bets were declared off, he would leave the stand and publicly denounce them to the crowd." A greater amount of pure falsehood never has been crowded into the same number of words. It is perhaps, unnecessary to say more than that Col. Herchmer has authorized and requested me to say that every word in the article about him is false and that the writer of the article, or the person who inspired it is nothing else but a common liar. He says further, that he agreed with the other judges in every decision given while he was in the stand and expresses his hearty approval of the way the races were conducted.

When it is remembered that the whole charge contained in this remarkable editorial hinges upon Colonel Herchmer's supposed objection to the other judges' decision, it is unnecessary to refer at any length to any of the other numerous falsehoods contained therein.

The writer was evidently very anxious to make a charge against the gentleman who acted as distance judge, for he trumps up most absurd ones. The article declares that this gentleman dropped the flag before receiving a signal from the stand and furthermore that he declared Bob distanced in the first heat. As a matter of fact the flag was dropped on a signal given from the stand but the judge did not declare the horse distanced. As to the judge acknowledging that there was no signal from the stand that is all humbug, as the signal was given and Bob was distanced beyond the shadow of a doubt. As, however, the public wish appeared to be that Bob should be admitted to the subsequent heats the judges waived the distance. The **Gazette** also mentions another revised decision which was not given. It says the judges decided to take off Bob's driver after the second heat, and giving away to public opinion again, reversed

their decision. It was neither decided nor suggested that the driver of Bob should be changed. It was decided to change the drivers of W. H. and Rosy and one of the judges, Mr. Houston, of Regina, proceeded to notify the owners of these two horses. Mistaking the owner of Bob for the owner of W. H., he told him he would have to put up another driver. As soon as he found out however that he had been mistaken in his man he explained the mistake and it was thoroughly understood.

The **Gazette** next states that the postponement of the final heats until the last day of the meeting was due to the supposed wish to favor Rosy. It says although there was daylight enough left to trot two or more heats, at the request of the owner of Rosy P. the race was postponed. This is a perfect untruth. Not only did the owner of Rosy not ask for a postponement but he was perfectly willing to go on with the race at once with a new driver. The **Gazette** is guilty of another mistake or falsehood in connection with the final heat, stating that there was no cause to put W. H. back. As a matter of fact W. H. repeatedly fouled Rosy, being driven in such a way as to prevent the mare passing.

The decision to declare all bets and pools off was unanimous on the part of the judges as it was clearly apparent that those interested in some of the horses were guilty of collusion and the very worst kind of crookedness. The judges for instance had information that every method that could be thought of to prevent W. H. beating Bob the last day in case a new driver was put up, had been resorted to. Extra washers had been put on the axles of the sulky to prevent the wheels revolving freely, and the horse himself had been gorged with bran and water to prevent his doing justice to himself. The judges had such conclusive proof of crookedness on the part of Oregon George and Tom Burns, the owners of Bob and W. H., that had it been an association track they would have felt themselves not only justified in ruling them off association tracks; but compelled to do so.

There are a few more minor untruths which I might explain; but I think I have given sufficient to convince the public that the article in the **Gazette** is false in all of its statements and having done that I consider I have carried out the instructions of the committee.

Yours truly,  
JNO. N. COFFIN,  
Sec'y. ex Com.

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Mosquito Creek  
Little Bow Cattle Co.

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the applicant hereinafter named, to the Lieutenant Governor of the Northwest Territories, under the Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, for the issue of letters patent to incorporate a Company to be known as THE TURF CLUB ASSOCIATION, (LIMITED).

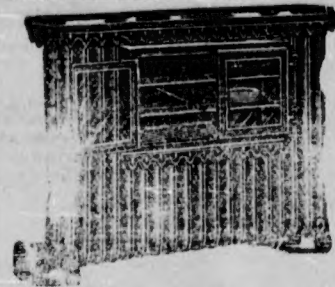
The object for which incorporation is sought is the protection and encouragement of horse racing and the acquiring of such property, real and personal, as may be necessary for the purpose of a proper turf association. The chief place of business within the said Territories of the proposed Company will be the Town of Calgary. The proposed amount of capital stock is \$15,000.00. The number of shares is 150, and the amount of each share \$100.00.

The names, addresses, and calling of the said applicants who are also to be the first or provisional directors of the Company are John Lineham, Calgary, Stock Dealer; Geo. K. Lewson, Contractor, Calgary; James Reilly, Calgary, Hotel Proprietor; the said parties all being residents of Canada.

Calgary, July 11th, 1888.  
GEORGE MURDOCH,  
Secretary Alberta Turf Club Association,  
LOUGHEED & MCCARTHY,  
Advocates for Applicants.

### J. K. SHIRLEY,

Advertising and Collecting Agent for the  
HERALD Publishing Company



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PETTIT & McKINELL, Herald Block

### The Calgary Herald

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1888.

#### TODAY'S HERALD.

Owing to the crush upon our columns, arising from the publication of the exhibition prize list, the HERALD today goes to press short of its usual instalment of telegrams.

#### RESTRAIN THE DEMAGOGUES.

The liberals in the Province of Quebec are again using every effort to foster race prejudices with a view to retaining the power they obtained through the Riel cry and which appeared to be slipping through their hands. At the last session of the Provincial Legislature Mr. Mercer passed a bill providing for the establishment of a district court in Montreal. As this act infringed upon the authority of the Dominion government it has been disallowed by the Governor General and now Mr. Mercer and his friends are making a stumping tour of the province endeavoring to make as much political capital out of the emergency as possible. As an example of the wild appeals to national prejudice which are being made in connection with this latest campaign of bigotry we quote the following from a speech delivered by Mr. Mercer himself in the French quarter of Montreal:—"Our bill has been disallowed because it comes from Quebec, a Roman Catholic and French-Canadian province. Quebec is denied the right to govern itself as it thinks fit, when that right is given to the Protestant and English-speaking provinces!" Another statement is as follows: "The consequence of this veto will be terrible because the people of the province of Quebec will not allow its liberties to be trampled under foot! I know of no authority able to trample upon the sentiments of the province of Quebec!" Still another: "The province has a right to appoint district magistrates, and there is no authority at Ottawa or in England to prevent us from doing so!" Could unreasonable bigotry go further? A party that has to depend for its existence upon arraying the people of the country into hostile factions cannot have much to commend it to the thoughtful public, and in time the good common sense of the honest inhabitant of Quebec will reveal against a surfeit of this humbug. In the meantime, however, this nonsensical faction warfare and these dire threats are likely to have a very bad effect indeed upon the credit of the whole Dominion. A cable despatch from London states:—"Quebec's threats of secession voiced by Mr. Mercer's organs receive mention in the cables published here to-day and are certain to attract some notice as the English people have not enough knowledge of Canadian politics to estimate this wild talk at its true value. It will consequently do some damage to the best interests of the Dominion."

It is just about time some steps were taken to restrict the ravings of these demagogues down in Quebec. The people of the whole world will begin soon to think they are serious, and with an idea once abroad that we are on the threshold of a revolution we may just as well make up our minds that there will be no use looking for immigration or prosperity for some time to come. The gentry of the rouge persuasion must be made to understand that the welfare of the whole Dominion is more important than the mere fancy of one province.

#### PROVINCIALISM vs. FEDERALISM.

The cry of provincial rights is all very well in its place, but out of place is not only absurd but dangerous. In Quebec Mr. Mercer and his liberal friends appear to think that the principle of provincial rights, so far as that province is concerned, means its complete immunity from federal control and a species of dictatorship so far as the Dominion as a whole is concerned. They claim, apparently that any interference whatever by the Dominion government is an infringement of provincial rights. The local government of the old French province must have the right to do exactly as it likes no matter if their enactments conflict with federal ordinances or Dominion interests. If Dominion interests stand in the road they must give way to provincial ones or the Mercerites will complain that the province is being robbed of its rights. Mr. Laurier, the liberal leader of the Dominion, has endorsed these dangerous contentions of the Quebec Premier and the liberal party evidently intends to make the "Province first" cry another plank in its platform.

Under the circumstances the following opinion on the matter of supreme federal authority by the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, the old liberal leader, is interesting:—

"The veto power is necessary, in order that the general Government may have a control over the proceedings of the Local Legislatures, to a certain extent. The want of this power, was the great source of weakness in the United States."

"If each province were able to enact such laws as it pleased, everybody would be at the mercy of the Local Legislature, and the General Legislature would become of little importance."

The veteran statesman here puts the matter in a nutshell.

If Canada is ever to be the country it should be, this selfish local feeling will have to be got over. It is not the advancement only of his particular province that the loyal Canadian has to consider. The prosperity of the Dominion as a whole should be his ambition. We are supposed to be one nation, occupying one country and where local government threatens the welfare of the whole commonwealth it is time to put a stop to it.

We in the Northwest should appreciate the value of local self government, goodness know; for we have experienced the lack of it. But it is not that species of local government which refuses to recognize the allegiance due to the central authority that we want. The Territories are loyal to the Dominion of which they form so important a part and they want only that measure of responsible government which will enable them to turn to the best possible advantage the resources of the country, and thus do their share in contributing to the prosperity and greatness of this Canada of ours.

The Quebec agitators want merely to curtail the influence of Canada as a whole for the sake of one of the provinces. Their case does not bear the faintest resemblance to ours.

#### KNAVEY SHOWN UP.

It did not require the explanatory letter by the secretary of the Citizens Race Meeting which appears in another column to satisfy the people of Calgary where the crookedness about the free for all trot lay. Since the guilty parties themselves appear, however, to have attempted to cover up their own crookedness by casting suspicion upon the judges through the medium of the Macleod Gazette, Mr. Coffin's letter is a very necessary expose of the facts as they really were. The Calgary people knew very well all along, where the crookedness was; but now that such barefaced effort is being made to throw the blame upon the management of the races an official report of the matter had become a necessity. The committee had been willing to abide by the sensible maxim that it

does no good to wash your dirty linen in public and maintained silence up to the present. This outrageous attack has, however, done no longer a virtue, and the committee has acted wisely in coming out with such a full, frank explanation. Calgary is and necessarily must be the sporting centre, as it is the commercial centre of Alberta, and it is the duty of our people to see that their character for straightforwardness and fair play is not besmirched by persons whose villainy or jealousy leads them on to malign us. Col. Herchmer's manly denial of the yarns about his indignant protest, etc., is just what would be expected by those who knew him. If the inspirer and writer of the Gazette's article thought that the soft soap they so plentifully lavished upon the gallant colonel would have any effect in the way of influencing him, they must most grievously err in their estimate of Colonel Herchmer's character. When they made such free use of the popular officer's name, however, they probably knew that his official position would prevent him personally giving to the falsehood the emphatic denial it deserved. Colonel Herchmer has, however, the privilege of explaining things to his friends and he gives a complete denial to each and every sentence in the Gazette's article respecting himself. He agrees with the other judges that most of those connected with the free for all trot, should be ruled off the track and regrets that it could not be done.

If our racing men learn one good lesson from this fiasco it will not be an unprofitable experience. We can never expect to have races properly managed until we have an association track. Respect for the regulations and track officials could then be enforced and we should see more honest sport and less of the abuse, humbug and knavery which have been the particular characteristics of the Macleod contingents at the last two meetings.

#### RETALIATION.

While the American senators are loudly protesting their ability and anxiety to knock the British lion into a cocked hat; and American politicians it possible even wider mouthed, are urging Cleveland in spite of anything and everything to completely cut Canada off from all intercourse with the United States, the Canadian people have been quietly thinking matters over and preparing to meet the threatened emergency when it comes. The result appears to be that Canada has been convinced that she can get along very well without her unneighborly neighbor and her indifferent reply to the Yankee bluster is:—"Let them retaliate." Canadian business men having to face the possibility of being cut off from old channels of trade through the United States have calmly come to the conclusion that they can just as well serve their purposes by using Canadian railroads as by shipping by American roads as heretofore. Having arrived at this conclusion many of them have already ceased shipping via American roads and whether retaliation is put into effect or not this little bit of election bluster will cost the American roads a large proportion of their Canadian traffic. Some Americans are already beginning to squeal over the prospect of losing their Canadian trade and some of the American papers even have come to the conclusion that the United States would suffer more from retaliation than Canada. Canadians are generally coming to this conclusion. Mr. George Johnson, Dominion statistician, contributes an interview to the eastern press in which by a long array of facts and figures and a review of the past history and commercial relations of the two countries, he proves that non-intercourse would hurt the States more than Canada. As an expert Mr. Johnson's opinion is very valuable. He shows that the Canadian bonded transit trade is worth eight and a half millions to Americans. This of course they would lose. Canada on her part appears to have very little to lose except her respect for her unfriendly neighbor.

#### OF VITAL IMPORTANCE.

Mr. Miquelon, Dominion Immigration Agent, is anxious to present as complete a report as possible of the crops in this district to the Minister of Agriculture in connection with his usual report which he has to send in by the first of October. He desires every person who has had land under cultivation to report to him fully upon the result of the crops. As this is a matter of vital importance to this country it is to be hoped that everybody will co-operate with Mr. Miquelon as desired. Farmers are requested to inform Mr. Miquelon of the acreage and production.

#### INJURED THE DOMINION'S CHARACTER.

The Herald yesterday published a despatch announcing that the London Post in discussing General Sherman's speech in congress said that if Canadians want annexation or independence Great Britain will not stand in the way of having their wish gratified. Why should Canada's loyalty to Canada be doubted? Of course Goldwin Smith and the other extreme Commercial Unionists have expressed their approval of the

scheme of annexation but they comprise a most insignificant minority. The great body of Commercial Unionists maintain that annexation would not follow commercial union, as they realize fully that with annexation recognized as the inevitable result of commercial union the people would have nothing to do with their hobby. Goldwin Smith and the others of the extreme party appear, however, to have seriously injured the character of the Dominion for loyalty, and that is all they are likely to accomplish.

#### THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

The presidential campaign across the line is waxing hot and both sides claim to be confident. As is generally known, the people do not vote direct for president and vice-president but elect members to the "Electoral College," which body elects the executive. There are 401 votes in the Electoral College; necessary for a choice, 201. Mr. Cleveland is sure of the solid south, which has 133 votes. He requires 48 more and they must come to him from the following doubtful States:

	Votes
New York.....	36
New Jersey.....	9
Connecticut.....	8
Indiana.....	15

It will be seen that victory in New York is essential to Democratic success.

#### ALL SORTS OF THINGS.

When is the Town Council going to consider the important question of taking over the Bow River islands for the proposed park?

The reduction of lumber rates to Calgary is welcome in more ways than one. Among other things it shows that the Canadian Pacific is determined to keep pace with the progress of the country.

If those filthy fiery Fenians who took the oath at New York the other night to annex Canada and sweep the Union Jack off the continent come along this way they can find accommodation at the fort. The mounted police are determined to rid the country of drunken men and lunatics.

Dr. Fream and other observant travellers report that British Columbia is also advancing rapidly. This is good news for Alberta, for British Columbia should be one of the principal markets for our produce. There is no cause for jealousy as the progress of one province or the Dominion means the advancement of the rest.

Men of mind and character in the United States can already see the trouble the bombastic anti-British feeling arising out of the retaliation question is likely to get their country into. General Sherman has introduced a measure into the senate for the appointment of a select committee to enquire into the relations existing between the United States and Canada.

It is to be hoped that the effort to establish a curling club in Calgary will be the complete success it deserves. We should then have a football club, a baseball club, a skating rink, a rifle association, a cricket club and a curling club. Athletics will be certain to be well provided for. Does it not appear to be about time that a reading room and library was started in Calgary. Athletic development is necessary, but it is certainly not more so than that of mind and literary taste.

Although we have had the whole Farce tribe with us this week, spending their treaty money, it is generally remarked that they have exhibited very little real poverty as it can exist among the Indians. There has been no pilfering, and but comparatively little begging. Our dusky visitors appeared strong, healthy and happy and they were well provided with ponies and blankets. It is really amazing how healthy and comfortable these people appear in spite of the rotten blankets and bad food which Grit politicians are so fond of prating about to sympathetic partisans in the east.

Calgarians having had the sincerest respect for the late Hon. Thor White will be pleased to learn that his son Mr. Robt. S. White, editor of the Montreal Gazette, has a good chance of being elected by a handsome majority for his father's old county, Cardwell. "Bob White," as he is familiarly called, is likely to make as great a mark as did his distinguished father. His editorial management of the Gazette has been brilliant and he is besides being a forcible writer and neat eloquent speaker, one of the most popular men of his age in Montreal. He was the constant companion of his father, by whom he was regarded more as a brother than a son. By a singular coincidence his father's death occurred on the day fixed some months previously for his marriage.

The Eastern grit papers are insulting the electors of Eastern Assiniboia by insinuating that but for the system of open voting in yogue Mr. Dewdney would not have been elected. They argue that no settler would have pluck enough to place himself on record against a minister of the crown for fear of being harassed afterwards. The people of the Northwest are not so easily frightened, and if the electors of Eastern Assiniboia loath-

ed Mr. Dewdney as Eastern grits say, they would have refused to elect him ballot or no ballot. Everybody agrees that the introduction of the ballot system is advisable if practicable and as Mr. Dewdney is enthusiastically in favor of it, we should not have to wait long for the ballot boxes.

A Yankee politician of the usual narrow minded spread eagle type has been expressing high glee over the prospect of war with Great Britain about the fishery business and prophecies that such a contest could only result in the removal of the boundary line a little northward. Some Canadian newspapers, almost as indiscreet as the vote catcher, have met this silly boast by pointing out that Maine, by reason of old treaties belongs to Canada, and urging that in the event of war Great Britain should demand its restitution. The justice of Canada's original claim to Maine has been conclusively proved; but late treaties have confirmed the United States possession of it, and Great Britain abides by treaties if the American Republic does not.

#### THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

Rimouski, the Canadian summer port for mails and passengers from England is 494 miles less from Queenstown than New York is, while the winter port of Louisbourg is from Liverpool 744 miles less than New York; Halifax 594 miles less; St. John 395 miles less. The Cunard steamships could do either of these voyages in five days, and so land passengers and mails at New York in less time than is now done by sailing there direct, besides saving two days to all parts of Canada. Would it be retaliation or availing ourselves of our natural advantages to insist upon our subsidized steamers sailing as fast as those to New York, and so secure to Canada not only the freight of \$50,000,000 worth of goods now sent via United States, but also secure all the mail and passenger traffic to this half of this continent? Bestir yourself Maritime Provinces and hail retaliation.

At Zurich it has been proved that 75 per cent of the power of a water wheel can be conveyed 75 miles and then be utilized by an electric engine. Enough water falls over the dam at the Eau Claire mills to furnish 500 horse power every 24 hours. Why not use it for lighting and power purposes throughout the town?

From the Chairman's speech at the anniversary of the English Co-Operative Societies, we gather there are in England 1,281 societies and 83,811 members, \$46,000,000 of share capital, \$156,000,000 of business done yearly and \$15,000,000 of profits made or a rate of interest of 30 per cent. per annum. Would not co-operative woollen mills pay here? And since there is so much power running to waste in both our rivers, would there not be room for a co-operative power company as well?

By improved sanitation the death rate in England has been reduced since 1884 from 205 in the 1000 to 176. Dr. Farr, the registrar general, estimates the money value of this saving of life at \$38,000,000.

By like improvements the death rate in the home army has been reduced from 17 in the thousand to 8, and in the Indian army from 69 to 14. According to the usual military estimate of the value of a soldier's life, this has effected a saving during the last six years of 17,000 lives and \$9,000,000.

Calgary is but a young town and as yet has paid no attention to sanitary matters. It is time she did so. There is money in it and a great deal of it. PHONO.

#### SPORTING.

##### Syracuse Sure of the Pennant.

TORONTO 24.—London defeated the Torontos at baseball Saturday. Syracuse is now sure of the pennant and Toronto of second place.

##### Baseball at Kamloops.

KAMLOOPS, B. C., 19.—The Victoria team has secured first prize in the tournament. It yesterday played two matches, beating Donald by a score of ten to six and defeating Westminster by seven runs.

##### Baseball Tournament at Regina.

REGINA 21.—Arrangements for a baseball tournament for the first week of October are progressing satisfactorily. The prizes offered are first a hundred, second fifty and third twenty five dollars. Only clubs in Assiniboia will be invited.

##### Donald's Bad Beating.

The Victoria Colonist gives the following account of the defeat of Donald by New Westminster at the Kamloops baseball tournament:—

"The greatest excitement, however, centered in the Westminster vs. Donald game. The newspaper gossip relating to the proficiency of the Donald team and the fact that they had imported three professionals at a fabulous price, made people curious of the figure they would cut in the ball field. The Westminster team proved a veritable surprise party, and evoked much enthusiasm for their plucky uphill work. After the second innings, Spencer, the Westminster pitcher, proved a Chinese puzzle to the Donald batters and for seven consecutive innings their efforts only resulted in a gentle agitation of the atmosphere. White, Upper and Lewis especially won honours. Following is the

##### SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Donald.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westminster.....	5	0	1	2	1	3	1	3	5



## TELEGRAPHIC.

### Minister of the Interior.

OTTAWA, 25.—Hon. Mr. Dewdney will be sworn in today.

### Hundreds of Lives Lost.

MADRID, 22.—Hundreds of lives have been lost through floods in Algeria.

### Will Abdicate the Throne.

BERLIN, 20.—The King of Greece intends to abdicate the throne in favor of his son.

### Train Hands Strike.

CHICAGO, 21.—The conductors and brakemen on the Illinois Central Railway have struck.

### Mr. Dewdney.

OTTAWA, 21.—Hon. Mr. Dewdney has arrived and entered upon his duties as Minister of the Interior.

### Zola's Novels Prohibited.

LONDON, 20.—The government has undertaken to prosecute all publishers and sellers of Zola's novels.

### Gilboy's Victim Dead.

WINNIPEG, 25.—John Joncas the man stabbed by Mike Gilboy on Main Street a few weeks ago died last night.

### Yellow Jack.

JACKSONVILLE, 21.—A hundred and thirty-one new cases and fifteen deaths from yellow fever are reported today.

### Yellow Jack Going Ahead.

JACKSONVILLE, 19.—156 new cases and seven deaths from yellow fever is the record for the last twenty-four hours.

### Wheat Higher.

WINNIPEG, 25.—Wheat has taken another upward turn in eastern markets. Cash wheat was \$1.12 at Duluth this morning.

### Reached St. Paul.

WINNIPEG, 25.—McKay, of mock-marriage fame, has reached St. Paul safely. Strahan and Dugan his accomplices, will be tried tomorrow.

### A Northwest Man Honored.

CHICAGO, 22.—The Railway Station Agent Association to-day elected J. A. Kammerer, of Moose Jaw, N. W. T., president.

### Hill to Resign.

ST. PAUL, 25.—It is rumored that President Hill of the Manitoba road will resign and be succeeded by Allen Manvel, general manager.

### Yellow Jack.

JACKSONVILLE, 25.—113 new cases of yellow fever are reported and five deaths. The weather is unfavorable. It is cold with a drizzling rain.

### Marshal Bazaine Dead.

LONDON, 24.—A despatch from Madrid announces that Marshal Bazaine died in this city of heart disease. He had been ill several days.

### All Men Equal.

COLUMBUS, O., 21.—The colored democrats presented an address to Thurman last night. He declared for the principle that all men are equal before the law.

### Half the Crop.

MONTREAL, 25.—Mr. Hague, president of the Merchants Bank, who has just returned from the Northwest, expresses the opinion that half the crop will be harvested in good condition.

### No More Registration Stamps.

OTTAWA, 20.—The Government have decided that in future no special stamps will be required for the registration of letters. Ordinary stamps of sufficient value do us well.

### Twenty Thousand Dollars Reward.

CHICAGO, 19.—Mrs. Snell, widow of the millionaire who was murdered in his own house by a burglar some time ago has offered \$20,000 reward for the capture of the fugitive.

### The Latest From Uganda.

ZANZIBAR, 25.—Uganda advices down to June 27th contain no news of either Stanley or Emin Bey. Many letters await them. Cosard and Mohammed Bere are reported to have been murdered by Kabuga.

### A Broken Rail.

OMAHA, 19.—The Union Pacific railway's fast passenger train, known as the "Overland Flyer," was badly wrecked this afternoon, sixty miles west of here. The wreck was caused by a broken rail. Many were killed and wounded.

### Small Pox in Toronto.

TORONTO, 25.—The mother and sister of the first victim of the small pox here have been taken down from their home and removed to the hospital. This makes four cases there now. Five free vaccination stations have been opened.

### Smuggling at the Lines.

OTTAWA, 25.—Considerable horse smuggling is going on between Montana and Alberta. The Collector at Fort Macleod has seized four horses brought into the country by a Northwest without entering them at the Customs.

### Lord Stanley a Yachtsman.

QUEBEC, 20.—The Governor General has issued a friendly challenge to the Lieut. Governor for a yacht race. The former will sail the "Curlew," the latter the "La-moutre." It will take place at an early day.

### Fleeing From Starvation.

QUEBEC, 22.—Four families fleeing from starvation in Labrador arrived here today by a schooner. They tell pitiful stories of terrible suffering among the fishermen in that country.

### Lobsters for the Pacific.

OTTAWA, 17.—Next season the Department of Marine and Fisheries will undertake the transportation of live lobsters from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast to see if they can be propagated there.

### Interest Centered Upon N. W. T. Exhibits.

TORONTO, 19.—Mr. Greenway the premier of Manitoba is here. The British Columbia, Manitoba and other special exhibits opened today. The interest centered upon the Northwest wheat exhibit.

### Riel's Ghost.

MONTREAL, 19.—The nomination in Montreal East took place today. Lepine, conservative, and Poirier, nationalist, were nominated. The Riel question was again introduced and the contest will be bitter. Sir Adolphe Caron in a speech denied that the French Canadians are in favor of annexation.

### Savage Fighting.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—News received from the South Seas shows that there was savage fighting on the Marquesas group of islands before the natives would allow the French to hoist their flag and take possession of the group. Two hundred French marines and several thousand natives were killed.

### A Battle Imminent.

LONDON, 16.—A despatch from Afghanistan says the Amir's troops will attack Ishak Khan on three sides. Separate corps are advancing from Badakshan, Cabul and Western Turkistan. There is continuous skirmishing between the outposts. Ishak Khan is concentrating his forces at Harbuk, and a decisive battle is imminent.

### Canadians Must not Poach.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The Treasury Department is informed that the lighthouse keeper at White Fish Point, Lake Superior, has removed a number of oiles to which netting was tied and also the nets, both belonging to Canadians. The removal was made as the piles and nets were within the one mile limit.

### Hicks-Beach and Bradlaugh to Retire.

NEW YORK, 17.—A London cablegram says: "When parliament reassembles next month two well known and distinguished members will be absent. These are Sir Michael Hicks Beach and Charles Bradlaugh. The rumor is current that they will accept the Chiltern hundreds and retire from parliamentary life."

### A Modern Colossus.

QUEBEC, Sept. 20.—A one year old lad named Hammet, belonging to Etchemin, just above the city is attracting a good deal of local attention as a future Colossus. Although only nine years old he is to all appearances the size of a well grown young man of twenty. He measures forty-four inches around the waist, twenty-six inches around the thigh and fifteen and a half inches around the calf of the leg.

### Sheep Breeders Association.

TORONTO, 24.—A meeting was held tonight of those interested in the breeding and raising of sheep. It was decided to form a Sheep Breeder's Association for the Dominion of Canada and a committee was appointed representing the different lines of sheep breeding to draw up a constitution and by-laws, and to take what steps they may deem prudent to complete the work of organization.

### Furious Bluster.

NEW YORK, 20.—Sixty-seven veteran officers of Meagher's Irish Brigade celebrated the anniversary of the Battle of Antietam by a dinner last night. Major Haverly of the 69th regiment presided. Amid great enthusiasm the veterans adopted a resolution pledging their lives and sacred honor to secure the annexation of Canada in order to sweep from America the last vestige of the British flag.

### New York Canals are Closed to Canada.

ALBANY, 22.—Regarding the despatch that the State canals had been closed against Canadian vessels, despite the treaty of Washington, Deputy State Engineer Wurtele says that it is true that no Canadian bottom can come through the State canals. The reason of this is because the State of New York has never been urged to comply with the treaty of Washington. The canals have always been closed against Canadian vessels.

### Successful Profit Sharing Scheme.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 18.—C. A. Pillsbury & Co., the millers of this city, today distributed \$40,000 among their employees on the profit sharing plan. This is the largest distribution of this character ever made in the country, and was made so quietly that no one outside of those benefited was informed of it. Four years ago C. A. Pillsbury & Co. inaugurated the profit sharing system. This year has been a profitable one and the workmen's share is very large and the distribution has been on a more liberal scale than before. Every man who has been in the employ of the firm for two years has received a share.

The amounts received vary from \$25 to \$2,500, but in no case was the amount less than one month's salary.

### The Police Thanked.

OTTAWA, 22.—The Comptroller of the N. W. M. P. has received copies of the complimentary resolutions passed in August at the meeting of the Montana Stock Growers Association and the Territorial Board of Stock Commissioners, which convey their thanks to the officers and men of the mounted police and the Canadian authorities generally for the assistance given to many citizens of Montana in the recovering of horses stolen from United States territory.

### A Death Blow.

GRAND FORKS, 24.—George Fulljames, the Winnipeg pugilist, met with another individual early yesterday morning at Church's lively stable here in a fist encounter. The stakes were for \$25 a side. Only a few blows had been exchanged when Fulljames received a blow on the temple knocking him senseless. He never regained consciousness and expired at 3 in the afternoon. The sports present fairly trembled at the sad consequence of their pastime and so far the police are baffled in locating them.

### John L. Sullivan.

BOSTON, 20.—At 9 o'clock this morning John L. Sullivan was resting easily, but his condition was unchanged. He passed a restless night. He did not begin to sleep soundly till 6 a. m. yesterday afternoon. It was thought he was dying. He had had a chill. His hands and his feet became cold and his breathing very quick. About 10 o'clock he felt better. The physicians think he will be all right again in six or seven weeks. Sullivan's stomach now retains food. He takes extract of beef every four hours. The patient has good courage; at times he laughs and jokes. When well enough he will be taken to the Hot Springs, Arkansas, and perhaps to Texas or Mexico. It is reported that the priest tried to induce Sullivan to send Miss Annie Livingston away from the cottage and that John would not listen to the proposition.

### DANGEROUSLY ILL.

BOSTON, 20.—At 2 p. m. the physicians stated that Sullivan was worse. It is believed from what can be learned from others that he is now dangerously ill.

### Preparing for Retaliation.

OTTAWA, 16.—In consequence of serious fears of retaliation being really carried into effect, preparations were last night reported complete for shipping all winter shipments of cargoes from England by way of New York, Boston and Portland, and making them through Halifax and St. John. Cable despatches received here last night by two leading importing dry goods houses state that their arrangements are already made on the other side. Inquiries among other houses have led to the discovery that the movement is general here and in Montreal, Hamilton, London, Toronto and Winnipeg. Today a list of big importers willing to allow their names to be mentioned as having decided not to allow goods to be sent in future by way of United States ports will be printed. Negotiations are being pushed for the establishment of a third trunk line from the west to Canadian winter ports by the acquisition of a chain of railway links.

### EASTERN PRAISE.

For the Display of Calgary Produce at the Toronto Exhibition.

The Toronto Empire publishes the following account of Calgary's exhibit at the "Great Fair."—"The Far West of Canada," thanks to the enterprising spirit of its settlers and the facilities afforded by the C.P.R., is represented at Toronto this year as it never has been before. From Algoma, west to the Pacific ocean almost every important outlying district of the Dominion gives some indications of its resources by a display at the Industrial. The British Columbia exhibit, already described in our columns, is a large one; that of Manitoba, which is being arranged in Agricultural hall, is the largest single display of a distant province ever made in Toronto. The display from Alberta, if not so large nor so varied, is second to none in neatness and attractiveness of arrangement, and is calculated to convey an idea of the fitness of the new province for mixed farming. The exhibit, which occupies the south end of the central part of the hall, immediately adjoining the Manitoba display, forms a square towering in the centre along a tastefully decked central board covered with grain in the straw and ear, and ornamented with a profusion of Union Jacks, which, if indicating the loyalty of the Territory, means annexation of the neighboring territory of Montana, in case "retaliation" provokes a little unpleasantness with our cousins across the border. The exhibit is made by the Calgary District Agricultural Society, and is in charge of Mr. Maw, a former Torontonian, who for about six years has been a resident of Calgary. The district claimed to be well adapted for the growth of cereals is about one hundred miles in width along the eastern flanks of the Rockies, but most of the samples of grain shown are from the immediate vicinity of Calgary, where, notwithstanding the as yet insignificant amount of mixed farming compared with ranching, about 7,000 acres are estimated by Mr. Maw to have been devoted this year to the growth of grain—principally oats. The wheat is tall in the straw, with large heads, and comprises principally red and white Fife and Ladoga, a Russian variety of wheat. The oats are fine—Welcome, Race-horse and Swiss oats being the varieties; barley of good appearance embraces a six-rowed variety and black barley. Flax is shown of moderate length. A splendid bunch of timothy, with tall stem and good head, is shown, and amongst wild grasses, wild timothy, blue joint and ordinary prairie grass. Calgary district also shows a creditable exhibit of roots, which, pulled two weeks ago, are, of course, not fully grown, but are nevertheless a good size. Winders beans and ripe tomatoes are embodied in the collection, and a respectable-looking cheese from the Springbank cheese factory, the beginning of what may be hoped will be proved to be yet an important industry in the district. In a tall cabinet is a collection contributed by Roy. Leonard G. et al of Red Deer, a locality one hundred miles north of Calgary. It is tastefully arranged and embraces Dufence, Red Fife, Ladoga and Onega wheat in the stalk and head, the first named variety being over five feet in height. Timothy sown on April 26th is 3½ feet high and the grass of last year is of fine appearance. Flax, barley and oats in straw, the latter very fine and peas in the straw, fill up the remainder of the cabinet. A finished block of Calgary stone, a light grey sandstone is remarkable for its fineness of grain. It is said to exist in large quantities, is easily cut, as it is soft, in being quarried, but soon acquires great hardness. This stone seems to be equal to any sandstone with which Ontarians are acquainted. Brick from Banff is also shown. The coal exhibit embraces good samples of bituminous coal from the Galt mine, from Bow River and from Crowfoot Crossing, twenty five miles east of Calgary, and anthracite from the foot of the mountains 66 miles west of Calgary."

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## THE MINE.

### Toad Mountain.

The News-Advertiser's Revelstoke correspondent states that Mr. G. B. Wright is removing his large stock of goods to the Toad Mountain where preparation is being made to build up a second Leadville, as some of the late finds are wonderful. One great difficulty however, is the cost of transportation, the rate on freight being \$3.75 per hundred pounds, while the rate from Spokane Fall to the mines is only 75 cents, thereby giving the Americans the advantage, who are taking out large quantities of ore and expect next season to push the work on several claims with renewed vigor.

### A Rich Sample.

Dr. W. A. Johnston, of the Denver Smelting Works, who recently visited this country on a trip of inspection through the mining districts, took home with him a sample of average ore from the Cherry Creek mines. This ore was assayed by Mr. E. Burlingame of Denver, well known amongst mining men as one of the oldest and most reliable assayists in Colorado. A note just received from him states that the ore contained twenty one hundredths of gold and 869.24 of silver.—Kamloops Inland Sentinel.

### Mining Company Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Hidden Treasure Mining Company, held in Kamloops on the 15th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Pres. J. S. Chase; Vice-Pres. Morris Moss; Secy. R. H. Lee; Treas. Robert McDougall; Auditor, F. H. Hobson, Manager, John Morrison; Directors, J. S. Chase, John Morrison, R. H. Lee, Robt. McDougall, F. W. McKechnie.

### The Senator and the Singer.

For after dinner speeches Senator Palmer was an admirable voice, but it is not that of a thrush for singing purposes. Those of his close friends who have heard some of his vocal efforts say that the product is not entirely musical. The senator does not hesitate, however, to sing when it is necessary to revive the drooping spirits of a party; and this is what led to a recent performance in which operatic duets were sung by the distinguished soprano, Miss Emma Thursty, and the distinguished senator, Mr. Palmer. Miss Thursty has been here for some time, and her vocal attainments have made her a favorite in senatorial circles. Among her admirers is Mrs. Stockbridge, the wife of the junior senator from Michigan. The latter's birthday occurred last week, and the event was fittingly celebrated by an excursion down the Potomac on board a canal boat, specially chartered and handsomely decorated for the occasion. Among the guests were Senator Palmer and Miss Thursty, and upon them fell a good share of the entertainment, which kept every one jolly. There was a lull in the fun, however, when some one invited Miss Thursty to sing.

But I haven't my notes, and there's no piano, and—

"Oh, never mind the notes," interposed the senator, "I'll accompany you."

The offer was accepted, and thereupon the senator launched into Nilsson's favorite song, "Way down upon the Suwanee river." Miss Thursty was too much overcome to join at once. The senatorial effort was between a rumble and a buzz, not as loud as an elevated train nor quite as discordant as the file on a venerable saw. But Mr. Palmer held the tune till the end of the verse. Then Miss Thursty joined, and her rich soprano soared over the canal boat cabin and out over the water, the strident notes of the accompaniment only accentuating the sweet notes of the singer. With the ice broken, the senator and Miss Thursty responded to an encore with "Those golden slippers are laid away." "Climbing up de golden stairs." Some of the senator's colleagues now suggest that Palmer has the operatic stage before him if he tries of the senate.—Washington Cor. New York Tribune.

## WOMAN AND HOME.

### HOW OLD ARTICLES OF FURNITURE MAY BE RE-FASHIONED.

The Children's Party—Sitting Posture of Infants—A Philosophical View—Manstage as a Partnership—Man's Downtalk—For the Baby.

It is very fortunate for people in medium circumstances that odd furniture is now in vogue, for many articles that would in former years be relegated to the attic, as unfitted for sight or use, may, with a little ingenuity and taste, be converted into handsome and artistic articles of furniture. No matter how old fashioned a chair or table may be, in fact, the older it is the better; as long as it holds together, it can be used in some way to help furnish the home.

An old fashioned washstand can be converted into a beautiful table for the parlor, and, if it is put together carefully, will never give a hint of home manufacture. Remove the back and rungs used for towels, and over the hole in the top, intended for the bowl, fasten a thin pine board so as to cover the whole top. With soap and water and a brush scour off the old varnish and paint. Wipe, and when thoroughly dry go over the whole with sandpaper until it is as smooth as you can get it. Then it is ready for the stain, which must be ebony. To make this stain get at the druggist's a small piece of asphaltum gum and break it up fine. Into an old pint tin half filled with turpentine, put two heaping tablespoonfuls of the asphaltum. Set it where it will be warm, never hot, let it stand four days, stirring it frequently, and it will be ready for use. With a brush an inch wide spread the stain over every part of the stand and set to dry. In half an hour, when it is dry, give it another coat. Three coats are sufficient to make it a jet black with a beautiful lustre. Now, take some pressed ferns and with mucilage paste them neatly on the stand. Arrange two groups of large ferns, two or three in each group, and paste in the center of the top and bottom shelf. Around these paste small ferns in any design liked. Two or three small ones, grouped in each corner of the shelves, look pretty with tiny single ones scattered carelessly about the sides and legs of the stand.

When the mucilage is thoroughly dry gild the ferns with gold paint, using a fine camel's hair brush, and going over each fern very carefully, so as to get as little as possible of the gilding outside of the fern. Use the finest grade of ferns you can possibly get, for, although it is more troublesome to gild them, yet they look so much nicer that they repay fully the labor spent on them. When the ferns are dry give the whole stand a coat of copal varnish, let dry, and it is done. To be sure, it will take time to make a table of this kind, but it need not all be done at once. The arrangement and gilding of the ferns is the most tedious part of the work, and how many of these shall be used depends wholly upon the maker. A group of large gilded ferns in the centre of each shelf and the rest of the stand left plain is a simple and artistic way of ornamenting. This is a good imitation of Japanese ware, and can be used for cabinets, plaques, panels, etc., and answer the purpose for which it is intended every bit as well as the real, more expensive article. A simpler and easier way of doing the work, which may be liked by some, as it does away with washing or sand papering the article to be decorated, is to paint it black, instead of staining it, and proceed as though stained. To be sure, it will not in any way be as smooth and nice as if done in the first way, but where time is scarce it will in most cases do as well.

A pretty and inexpensive and easily made table is one made of the cover of a small butter firkin and three broom handles or round sticks as thick as broom handles. Cut the sticks the length desired, and crossing them in the center get the exact angle wanted, then with a long screw attach them firmly together. Fasten the top securely to the sticks, and gild the legs. Cover the top with garnet plush or felt, and around the edge attach garnet and gold chenille lili fringe. Tie a bow of broad garnet satin ribbon around where the sticks are fastened together, to conceal the screw. Another way is to take off the rim of the cover, after gluing firmly a narrow piece of wood across the inside of the cover to keep it together, and fasten the cover to the top of the crossed sticks. Embroider the whole, and tie a bright scarlet satin bow ribbon around the center of the sticks, or paint the table white, with a narrow stripe of gold running around the edge and down the outside of each leg; varnish with white varnish, and tie where the sticks cross a bright gold bow of broad satin ribbon.

White furniture is so much sought after that, to be up to the times, some one article, at the very least, of white and gold should be found in all homes. White paint, white varnish and gold paint are all that are required to transform any article of furniture into the fashionable shade. An old mirror that has been set aside on account of its frame being worn and old may, with white paint, varnish, and one or two stripes of gold, be converted into a handsome piece of furniture, for, of all the furnishings of the home, the mirror stands at the head as the most beautiful when framed in white and gold. An old fashioned light stand painted white, with bands of gold, with a white felt scarf thrown over it, the ends embroidered with golden rods or daisies, is a pretty addition to any room. A willow chair or rocker that has grown dark may be made beautiful by painting in white and gold, upholstering the seat and arms in myrtle green plush, running myrtle green satin ribbon through the space around or across the back, and fastening at the right hand corner in a broad bow. The back may have a round or square cushion of the same shade of plush, or need not have any. A common cane seat chair, painted in white and gold, upholstered in peacock blue, with a bow of the same shade of ribbon tied at the upper right hand corner of the back, is very pretty. It does not matter what color the article is that is to be decorated, it can be painted white. It is inadvisable to have but a few articles of white in a room, for one or two give a much better appearance to the room, where it is a small one, than a larger number. Too many are apt to give it a tasteless look.—Boston Budget.

Printing of any kind Neat and Cheap, at this office.



## OVER THE BORDER.

By WALTER BESANT.

It was a tempting offer, the stage—even the stage in a barn—seemed splendid to the lad; the voice and manner of the manager were seductive, more seductive still was the voice of his daughter. When she lifted her great eyes and met his he trembled and could not say her nay. When she laid her pretty hand upon his, and begged him to stay with them and be her Romeo, what could he reply? Yet he remembered in time that he was on his way to seek his fortune—that the troupe were obviously out at elbows, all horribly poor, and apparently badly fed, that to fall in love with an actress was not the beginning he had contemplated, and that Drury, for her part, would certainly not consider a strolling actor's life as the honorable in the world. He took a resolution; he would think no more upon those limpid eyes, he hardened his heart, he would fly. He did fly, but not before the young actress, who was already beyond his own age and ought to have known better, had laid her arms around his neck and kissed farewell, with many tears, to her first love, who would not love her in return. But her father was not displeased, and said, speaking more from a business point of view than out of paternal tenderness, that she would act the better for the little disappointment, and that it was good, when they are young, to feel something of what they are always pretending. Said it put backbone into their attitudes and real tears in their eyes. Nothing on the



To stay with them and be her Romeo, stage so difficult as real tears, except a blush which cannot be had for love or money.

Thus it happened that it was four or five weeks before Ralph got to London.

He arrived by way of Highgate. He reached the top of Highgate Hill at 4 in the afternoon. Here he sat down to rest, and to look upon the city he had come so far to see. He saw in the distance the towers and steeples of London, his long journey was done, the fortune he came to seek was—where was it? All the long way from Warkworth it seemed to him that when he reached London he would immediately find that thing known as fortune in some visible and tangible form, waiting to be seized by his strong young hands. Yet now that he saw before him the City of the Golden Pavement it seemed as if, perhaps—it was a chilling thought—he might not know or recognize, or be able to seize this fortune when he actually saw it. What is it like—Good Fortune? In other words he began for the first time to experience the coldness of doubt which sometimes falls upon the stoutest of us. His cheek was by this time burned a deeper brown; his hands were dyed and tanned by the June sun; his coat and waistcoat were stained with travel and with rain, his shoes were worn through the soles; in his pocket jingled the last two of his eleven guineas. When they were gone, he reflected with dismay, what would have to be done? But it was not a time to sit and think. Every fortune must have its beginning; every young adventurer must make a start; every Dick Whittington must enter the city of London. He rose, seized his bundle, and set off down the hill, singing to keep up his spirits, with as much alacrity as if he were only just starting on his way from Warkworth, and as if his heart was still warmed by the recollection of his cousin's bruises.

The way from Highgate to London lies along a pleasant road between tall hedges. On either side are fields and woods, and here and there a gentleman's seat or the country box of a successful citizen. Presently the boy reached Highbury, where the road bends south, and he passed Islington, with its old church and its narrow, shady lanes thick with trees. On his right he saw a great crowd in a garden, and there was music. This was Sadler's Wells. Soon after this he arrived at Clerkenwell Green, and so by a maze of streets, not knowing whither he went, to Smithfield, where he found himself in the midst of the crowd which fills all the streets of the city from dawn till night.

It was 7 o'clock when he found himself at the place whither he was bound. He had been wandering for an hour and a half looking about him, and at last ventured to ask the way of a servant girl, who seemed astonished that he should not know so simple a thing as the most expeditious road to Cheapside, seeing that it was only the other side of Paul's. But she told him, and he presently found himself in the broad and wealthy street called Cheapside.

The Leg and Star was on the south side, between Broad street and Bow church. It was a glover's shop, and because it was

growing late, the boxes of gloves were now taken from the window, and the apprentices were putting all away. Ralph stopped and looked at the sign, then at the letter—which was not a little crumpled and travel stained—and again at the sign. Yea, it must be the house, the sign of the Leg and Star, in Cheapside.

At the door of the shop stood a tall and portly man, between 50 and 60 years of age, with large red cheeks and double chin. He was dressed in plain broad cloth and tie wig, but he wore ruffles and neckcloth of fine white linen laced, as became a substantial citizen. Ralph knew it could be none other than Mr. Hetherington, wherefore he took off his hat and bowed low.

"What is thy business, young man?" asked the master glover.

"Sir, I bear a letter from your honor's daughter, now staying at Warkworth, in Northumberland."

"My daughter! Then, prithee, boy, who are you?"

"My name is Ralph Embleton, and"—

(To be Continued.)

### FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

A BRASS AND IRON FOUNDRY, PLANT complete. Also machinery of all kinds, Engines and boilers all sizes. We would be pleased to correspond with anyone wishing to be interested in the foundry business.

F. & G. BROADBENT, H. B. Brokers, Hamilton.

### NOTICE TO DEBTORS

NOTICE is hereby given that I have placed all the accounts which now remain due to the late firm of Seales, York & Co., into the hands of Messrs. Lough & McCarthy, advocates, for collection, to whom alone the same are to be paid, and all parties are notified that if the amount of their indebtedness is not at once paid to the said Advocates, the same will be placed in suit. Dated at Calgary this thirty-first day of August, A. D. 1888. 212-18-dw A. YORK.

### NOTICE

#### OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, as General Merchants at Cochrane and High River, in the District of Alberta, Northwest Territories of Canada, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All claims may be presented to either of us. All debts due the said partnership through the store at Cochrane are to be paid to F. De Journal, and those due through the High River store may be paid to either of us.

Dated at Calgary, in the said Territories, this 22nd day of August, A. D. 1888. 204-351

Witness, J. R. COSTIGAN, S. LIMOGES, F. DE JOURNAL.

### THE PALACE HOTEL

#### AND RESTAURANT.

Opposite the C. P. R. Passenger Depot.

Large Comfortable Rooms, First-class Table.

(European Plan)

Good Attendance.

Bar Furnished with Choice Cigars and Beer.

MRS. E. CLARKE.

218-dw-tfo Proprietress.

### THE HEAD SURGEON

From

Dr. J. D. KERGAN'S

British American Medical and Surgical Institute,

of Detroit, Mich., can be consulted free as follows:

Moosejaw, C.P.R. Rest, Saturday and Monday, Sept. 23 and 24.

Maple Creek, Commercial House, from Tuesday noon until Wednesday noon, Sept. 25 and 26.

Lethbridge, Lethbridge House, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 27, 28 and 29.

Medicine Hat, Cosmopolitan Hotel, Monday and until 3 p.m. Tuesday, Oct. 1 and 2.

Calgary, Royal Hotel, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Banff, C.P.R. Hotel, Sunday and Monday, Oct. 7 and 8.

Donald, Selkirk House, from Tuesday noon until Wednesday noon, Oct. 9 and 10.

The people of the Northwest have seen so many of our advertisements during the last three years that we have been visiting Winnipeg and surrounding towns that it is not necessary to inform them in detail as to who we are, as the name of Dr. Kergan has become a household word to nearly all the people of the great Northwest; but for the benefit of those who have lately come to the country, also those in the extreme west who have never yet been able to consult our surgeons, we will say that Dr. J. D. Kergan's British American Surgeons represent a Medical and Surgical Institute, located at Detroit, Michigan, for the treatment of private and chronic diseases only, that is second to none in America. Thousands of rare and obscure cases yearly treated by them, therefore, by the experience received from treating so many cases, aided by all that medical science of today affords, it can readily be seen why it is that they are so successful in the curing of all Private and Chronic Diseases.

It is the duty of every honorable physician to do all he can to relieve human suffering, and while such diseases exist we deem it our duty to minister to their alleviation and cure without questioning the degree of depravity which brought on the trouble. Many men and women of pure minds, who never have departed from the path of virtue, have unconsciously contracted diseases, which, sooner or later will sap the springs of life or lay the foundation of a miserable old age, unless checked and cured. Having had a large experience in this class of diseases, we can in all sincerity assure the afflicted that under our treatment rapid cures are effected in the worst conceivable cases in a short time and at reasonable cost. Remember that the only danger comes from neglect, or attempting to cure yourself with prescriptions that have proved successful in curing your friends. Do not, therefore, waste time and complicate the difficulty; and do not let false modesty deter you from at once applying to us, either in person or by letter. Strict confidence will be observed, and exposure will never come at our hands.

Syphilis, Catarrh, Asthma, Consumption, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Kidney Liver and Bowel diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Cancer, Tumor, Varicose Veins, Ulcers, Boils, Scars and Weak Eyes, Blood and Skin Diseases, Fits, Female Complaints, Nervousness, Stammering, Deafness, General Debility, and all diseases of the Nervous System are among their PRINCIPAL SPECIALTIES.

If unable to call upon the Surgeon at any of the towns during the above dates, write to the Medical Director, DR. J. D. KERGAN, corner Michigan Ave., and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich. w2-1

## LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

Our Fall Goods are rapidly coming to hand. Our Buyer has

## HAD A PICNIC

Selecting Goods at Prices which we have never before touched.

### IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS

The selecting will be found complete and comprising Goods of the Best Products from the Manufacturing world.

### ON OUR COUNTERS

Can be seen Ladies', Misses and Children's Underwear.

Complete Infants' Outfits,

Complete Misses' Outfits,

Complete Ladies' Trousseau.

### FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

BED AND TABLE LINEN, TOWELS, ETC., IN MAGNIFICENT ARRAY.

BLEACHED COTTONS AT 8, 10, 12 AND 15 CENTS.

CANNOT BE TOUCHED.

Advised to-day of an Assortment of Dress Goods, Brocades and Trimmings that will take the Ladies by storm.

Further particulars in a few days.

## Rankin and Allan.

212-tfo dw

## Quack! Quack!

THE FIFTEENTH IS COMING BOYS AND DON'T FORGET TO BUY YOUR

## AMMUNITION

— AT —

## GRANT'S

Where you can procure every description of Sportsman's Material.

SHELLS EMPTY OR LOADED WITH BEST GRADES OF POWDER. A FINE LOT OF GUNS TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

GRANT'S HARDWARE STORE, Stephen Avenue, (Opposite Herald Block,) CALGARY.

## GET YOUR AMMUNITION

— AT —

## ROGERS,

WHOLESALE AND  
RETAIL

## HARDWARE

STOCK COMPLETE,  
PRICES LOW,

## CALGARY.

Guns, Powder, Shells, Etc., at Low Figures.



## MAYOR AND COUNCIL.

### Another Scene Over the Mayor's Refusal to Sign the Vice Suppression By Law.

A special meeting of the town council was held Wednesday evening. His Worship Mayor Shelton in the chair. The question of striking the rate of taxation came up, and after a brief discussion it was decided upon a rate of 16 mills on the dollar for all purposes, 13 for municipal and 3 for school maintenance. At the present rate of assessment this will produce about \$19,000.

The council adopted the report of the water works committee, which had been referred back to them, recommending the acceptance of the tender of the Calgary Gas & Waterworks Company. The report as adopted provides that the town shall pay for 84 hydrants at the rate of \$60 a year each and with the privilege of taking a number of fountains and drinking troughs instead of hydrants.

As the council was about to adjourn councillor Collins enquired of the town clerk if the Mayor had yet signed the new by-law providing for the suppression of vice. Mr. Davis replying in the negative, councillor Collins asked for the by-law, which the clerk handed to him. He then presented it to the Mayor asking him to sign it. His Worship however declined to do so and councillor Collins announced his intention of proceeding at once to lay information for action by the courts of justice to compel the Mayor to sign the by-law.

After a little wrangling the meeting adjourned.

## PASTEUR'S EXTERMINATOR.

### Not a Success in Australia.—Dangerous to Human Life.

In view of the introduction into Assiniboia of M. Pasteur's system for destroying the gophers, the following from a London correspondent of a Plymouth paper is interesting:—"I hear that the attempts to exterminate the rabbits by the Pasteur system have been practically rejected by the Australians. Three surgeons were sent out by the famous Parisian savant to spread his microbes, but the authorities stand in the way. The Australians are trying to kill the rabbits by suffocation. They take a certain district, close up all the burrows save one, and into this pour sulphuric acid and water, the fumes of which destroy the animals. The objection to this is that it leaves a great deal of putrefying matter upon the land. Its success also is not always signal. Occasionally a few holes are left unstoppered, and then the ingenious plot fails. But one is glad to learn that the Pasteur system is not adopted, the result probably being to introduce a new human disease into Australia which it would require more than M. Pasteur's skill to cure."

### Would Bring the West 400 Miles Nearer the Seaboard.

The contract for the Chignecto ship railway, which is to connect the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Bay of Fundy, has been let; and now another marine railway scheme has been set on foot. The new project strikes us near home, for it is proposed to build the railway from Toronto, at the Humber mouth, to Georgian Bay, near Collingwood. A glance at the map will show what a powerful influence such a work will have upon transportation. It will render unnecessary the resort to the route through Lake Huron, St. Clair and Erie, and will bring the West nearer to the seaboard by five hundred miles. The hauling of grain-laden vessels by rail across the neck of land lying between Lake Ontario and the Georgian Bay is a tremendous undertaking. But Mr. Kivas Tully, C. E., who has examined the matter, thinks it perfectly practicable, in which opinion he is supported by the written report of the late Captain Eads. The projectors look for assistance from the Dominion and Provincial Governments. For Dominion support they have a precedent in the case of the Chignecto ship railway.—Toronto Mail.

## Storm Coming.

The following letter appears in the Regina Leader:—

"Sir,—On receiving your paper today I am reminded that a great storm will originate in the Northwest Territories, near Regina on the 6th October. This will divide into two currents or wings, one running southward through the Mississippi valley to the Mexican gulf, the other striking eastward over the valley of the Great Lake system and the River St. Lawrence. On the 8th and 9th there will be great danger of cyclones at the mouths of the Mississippi and Rio Grande and the Gulf of St. Lawrence, where these currents pitch into the sea while there will be slight barometrical depression. The temperature will be remarkably low on account of the moon's perigee and the peculiar position of Mars and Jupiter. This will be a cold and stormy autumn and probably great loss of property and life on land and sea."

E. STONE WIGGINS.

Ottawa, Sept 1893.

## The Debt of Canada.

An Ottawa despatch says: On enquiry at the Finance Department it was ascertained that the increase of nearly \$4,000,000 in the net debt of the Dominion, during August was caused chiefly by the assumption of the C&N St. Peter debt by the Government, the necessary formalities having been gone through during the month. The amount involved in this transaction was about \$2,800,000. On the 31st July there was a surplus of \$600,000, but this has been converted into a deficit of \$330,000, chiefly by the payment of the Savings bank interest, the increase in the debt being accounted for in this way.—Call Correspondent.

## A Good one on Truth.

Donald "Truth" in its last issue has a good joke on the base ball club of that enterprising town, because on the trip to Calgary its members regaled themselves on a seventy five cent supper at Field, but could only afford a quarter for their breakfast on the return journey. But "Truth" forgot to give publicity to an equally good joke at its own expense. It is said that its editor had the results of the games at Calgary so accurately arranged that all the type was set up for a special jubilee edition, proclaiming the victories of the Donald Baseball Nine. Unfortunately, his arrangements didn't meet with the approval of Medicine Hat; consequently "Truth" was two days late and an explanation was overrodded in the hurry.—Field correspondent Free Press.

## The Roarin' Game.

There was a large turnout of citizens at Messrs. Bleeker & Smith's office Wednesday to consider the organization a curling club at Calgary. Dr. Lafferty presided and Mr. J. R. Costigan acted as secretary. It was announced that over 60 gentlemen had announced their willingness to join and support a curling club. It was proposed to form a joint stock company to build a rink in addition to the curling club proper. The probable cost of the rink is \$1,500 and it was suggested that a company with a capital of \$3,000 in 300 shares of \$10 each should be formed. A committee consisting of Dr. Lafferty, H. Collins, S. Barber, Alex. Lucas, J. R. Costigan and James Bannerman was appointed to canvass shareholders for the joint stock company and members for the club.

## NOTICE.

### CALGARY LUMBER COMPANY, (LIMITED).

#### MESSESS. PETTIT & MCKINNEL.

Have been appointed sole agents for the sale of

Lumber, Brick and Coal

For the above Company at Calgary.

All accounts due the company may be paid to Messrs. Pettit & McKinnell, or J. B. Smith, Advocate Calgary.

T. B. H. COCHRANE, President.

Dated Sept. 10, 1893. Calgary Lumber Co., Limited. 231-8d w

## WATER!

### WATER!

### WATER!!

H. BLOOMFIELD,

### PLUMBER HYDRAULIC AND SANTARY ENGINEER

STEPHEN AVENUE WEST

Begs to call attention to his system of

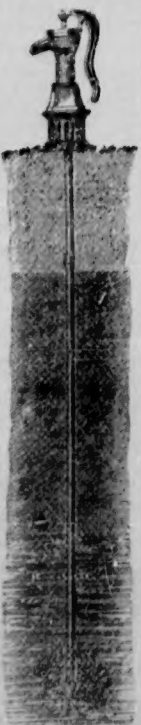
## TUBE

### WELLS

The only means of ensuring a good supply of pure water.

Testimonials from the following gentlemen:—The Rt. Hon. Judge Rouleau, H. A. L. Dundas Esq., J. P. Jephson, Esq., The Calgary Public School, Messrs Child and Wilson, Architects, Messrs McCoskie and Kemp, Architects, Rev. J. F. Betts A. Kennedy, Esq., contractor for the new barracks, and others.

Pumps of Every Description Fixed and Repaired.



## FOR SALE.

100 DOMESTIC EASTERN COWS, Three and four years old. Also three Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls. LUCAS & EASTMAN, Calgary.

### McTAVISH BROTHERS GENERAL BLACKSMITHS

and Horsehoofers. All kinds of Carriage repairing promptly attended to. Makers of BRANDS Etc. East of Post office Block, south of Stephen Avenue.

Calgary, - - Alberta.

## D. SUITOR

### General Blacksmith

All work neatly and promptly done at moderate prices. BRAND MAKING a specialty. Carriage repairing.

ATLANTIC AVENUE, EAST, CALGARY.

## CALGARY

### DAILY HERALD.

The Oldest and Best Daily Newspaper in the Northwest Territories.

Published at Calgary, Alberta, every evening except Sundays, at half past five o'clock, by the

Herald Publishing Comp.

Contains all the Latest News of the day, Home and Foreign.

All Foreign, British, American and Canadian news, up to the hour of going to press, received by Special Telegraphic Despatch.

Matters of Interest discussed in a Straight-forward Consistent Manner.

Advertisements of Situations and Help Wanted inserted FREE. If you employ help this department alone would be invaluable to you.

Subscriptions 25 cents a week, \$1.00 a month, \$10.00 a year.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

### S. A. RAMSAY

Manufacturer and Importer of Iron and Wood, Force and Lift

## PUMPS!

A full stock always on hand. Deep well pumps a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Stephen Av. Calgary.

### To Ranchers and Dairymen!

Horse, Cattle and Sheep

## MEDICINES

FREDERICK GILLESPIE,

### TEA MERCHANT

OF CALGARY.

Now keeps in stock a full stock of English Cattle Drugs, Day, Son & Hewitt's Red Cattle Drench, Condition Powders, Balsam of Castor oil, Blister Ointment &c. Shawyer's Colic Drinks, Condition Balls, White Oils &c. Jey's Sheep Dip Dog Soap, Sanitary Compounds for house and stable use, and Eidlman's Embrocation

Address FREDERICK GILLESPIE, Tea Merchant and Importer, next to Fitzgerald & Ellis' office Stephen Av., Calgary

### ROYAL MAIL Line



CALGARY

AND

### MACLEOD.

Commencing Oct. 5 coaches will leave Calgary on Mondays arriving at MacLeod Wednesday. Leave MacLeod on Thursdays, arriving at Calgary on Saturdays.

For passenger or express rates apply to

G. C. KING CO., CALGARY

for

WM. B LACK. MACLEOD.

# DAVIDSON BROS.

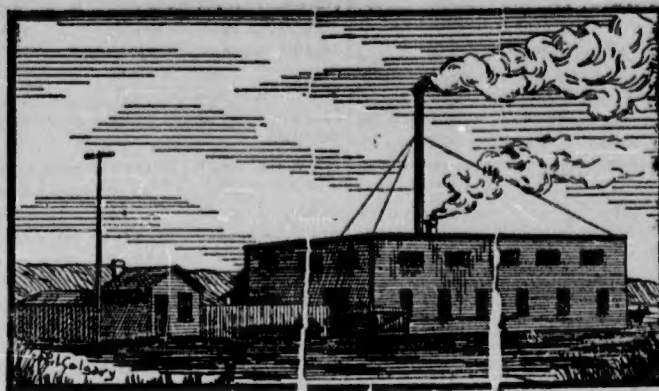
Calgary, N.W.T. Vancouver, B.C.

Have just received some  
NON-MAGNETIC DUST PROOF  
SILVER  
WATCHES.

Call and see them when in town.

Stephen Avenue, Calgary, Alberta.

## THE CALGARY PLANING MILLS



Fine house Finishing and Ornamental Fences made on the shortest notice out of the best British Columbia Woods. Plans specifications and estimates for all sorts of buildings furnished. Contracts entered into and satisfactorily completed at very low prices.

W. H. CUSHING, Calgary.

## A. C. NEWSON

### WEST END MEDICAL HALL, STEHEN AVE.

The Oldest Drug Store in Calgary, Established 1893. Next door to the Dominion Land Office.

## A FULL STOCK OF—

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES &c., &c

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS and FAMILY RECEIPTS Accurately Dispensed. Medicines can be procured at any hour. Day or Night.

The Proprietor has had 18 years Experience in some of the Principal Drug Firms in London and the north of England.

Newson's Pectoral Balsam.

The most successful Remedy in the Northwest for Coughs, Colds, &c.

Newson's "Calgary Boquet."

A most delightful Perfume.

Newson's Molline.

A delightful Preparation for Chapped Hands, Cracked Lips, &c.

Horse and Cattle Medicines a Specialty.

Patent Medicines at Eastern Prices. Orders by Mail will receive Prompt Attention

Sole agents for Scribner's Celebrated Trout Rods, Flies and other Fishing tackle.

A. C. NEWSON, Proprietor

## BOW RIVER MILLS



THE NEW MILLS AT KANANASKIS, ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

Lumber of all Kinds, Rough and Dressed

AND THE BEST SHINGLES, LATH, LIME ETC.

JAMES WALKER, Yards at Calgary, Atlantic Ave. near the S.P.R. Depot 3 Reg. Stephen Ave. Calgary.

**FREE** If you want a Servant or any kind of help, or if you want a situation you, advertisement will be inserted Free in

The Calgary Daily Herald.



# THE WEEK'S LOCAL NEWS

Wednesday.

Harvesting is over and also a good deal of the threshing.

Hon. Mr. Justice Rouleau has gone to Macleod for the autumn races.

Mr. Al Carey has rented his hotel on Atlantic avenue to a party of gentlemen who will use it as a dwelling house.

Ernest Cochrane is in the city completing arrangements for the sale of 6,000 sheep now on the Cochrane ranch. It is the intention of the company to confine their operations solely to horse-raising in the future.—Morning Call.

Calgary is jubilant, and with good cause too, for latest advices from the east bring the good tidings that Mr. Echan, her station agent, has received the first prize for the best specimens of grain and root crops west of Ontario. Brandon was second in the competition. This is a great feather in the cap of our prairie sister. Banff congratulates her.—Banff Mountain Echoes.

Thursday.

W. A. Allan, an Ottawa capitalist, has received splendid specimens of soft coal from his mines at Blackfoot Crossing. Allan's company intend establishing extensive works at the mines, with the intention of working them extensively next summer. The coal is far superior in nature to Nova Scotia soft coal and especially adapted to locomotives.—Call Correspondence.

The church of the Redeemer was thronged to the doors last evening to witness the marriage of one of Calgary's most popular and widely known daughters, Miss Elizabeth Pitman to Mr. Albert E. Cameron, of Minneapolis. Rev. A. W. Cooper, rector of Calgary, officiated, and the service, choral, was very impressive. The newly married couple left for their home at this morning's eastern train.

Friday.

The British American Ranch Company will have an auction sale of 7,000 sheep in Alberta on September 27th. Purchasers who attend this sale from points in Manitoba and the Territories, shipping via the C.P.R., will receive return tickets to their place of origin free of charge.

Saturday.

Alexander Flett, a trader from the most northerly posts on the McKenzie River, reached Calgary on Wednesday and left this morning for the land of his birth. He is accompanied by his wife, a native of that cold country and his two daughters. Mr. Flett left his home forty-four years ago at the age of seventeen. He entered the Hudson Bay service and remained continuously with them up to the present. So far north has he lived that money is unknown to the natives. The C. P. R. was the first railroad to greet his vision. He will return to his adopted home after enjoying his well earned holiday.

Sunday.

Mr. W. F. Ramsay and bride arrived this morning by No. 2 express and were driven to their new residence on the banks of the Bow River, North Calgary.

Mr. Edward Cave, assistant secretary to Sir John Lister Kaye, met with a rather severe accident on his way up from Sir John's farm at Balgonie. They were making a trip, calling at the several farms to see how matters were going on. When at Bantry tank, a flag station, it being quite dark, Mr. Cave in stepping off the car near the end of a bridge, thought he was stepping on a platform, but instead, he went down a bank some 15 feet, injuring his left arm so much that he is obliged to keep his bed at the Royal Hotel under a doctor's care. As soon as the accident occurred, Lady Kaye arranged to have him sent on to Calgary and telegraphed the proprietors of the Royal to meet him at the train and care for him. Sir John and lady are expected here on Wednesday and will remain several days in town when they come.

Tuesday.

R. McKenna, south side, on Monday harvested the crop from one pound sowing of Ladoga wheat at which he had received from the experimental farm at Ottawa. It is certain that it will yield at least a bushel of grain. The sample is a excellent and it is from a week to two weeks earlier than the Red Fife.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Mr. James Weir and family arrived in Calgary from Peterborough, Ont., yesterday morning with the view of settling here. He reports that it is awfully dry about Peterborough and that there is no pasture for the cattle, the farmers are already feeding their cattle. He has been farming in that county 20 years and it has got so now that farmers cannot more than make ends meet. Having heard of the fame of the Calgary district he determined to see it for himself and expressed the opinion that a large number of farmers will visit this district very soon with a view to settling here.

## THE FAIR.

Well Patronized and a Complete Success—A Splendid Display of Alberta Produce.

The Calgary Agricultural Society's fall exhibition was fully opened to spectators at 7:30 last evening. The night was dark, there being no moonlight till quite late and our electric light system unfortunately not extending as far as Agricultural Hall. A large number of ladies especially, were prevented from attending the first opening. However, the number who were present, the circumstances considered, was large and the were well repaid for their trip. The hall was very well lighted, so well indeed that everything could be seen distinctly. Those who were present had a better opportunity of seeing than if the hall had been packed as it is this afternoon. The display of grain, butter, cheese, etc., which we refer to in another column, would do credit to any country in the world. The grain, especially, we do not think can be matched on the continent, and say so we do not speak at random as we have visited the greatest shows ever made either in Canada or the United States.

Able address were delivered by the president of the Society, Mr. Amos Rowe, Rev. Leo Gaetz, of Red Deer and Mr. James A. Lougheed, of Calgary, which want of space forbids our attempting to report.

A visit to the Fall Fair this afternoon was a perfect revelation of the progress and development of Alberta. Our exhibition was at its height. The grand old Union Jack on the main building rustled in a gentle healthy breeze, while Old Sol condescended to show his face from behind the clouds, which had shut us off from his genial rays for the past day and a half, and the result was a superb afternoon. The fair grounds presented a gay busy scene. At the horse ring Major General Sir Fred Middleton, evidently intensely interested, and Mr. Long, the English, M. P., in their capacity as judges were awarding the prizes. The various fine animals competing were put to a thorough test of their qualities, affording amusement to a large circle of onlookers round the ring. At the cattle ring, there was another interested crowd watching a similar operation, and a lively scene it was. Some of the spirited cattle continued to make things very lively, a couple of heifers in particular distinguishing themselves by their perverseness. The main building appeared to be the particular attraction for the people and during some parts of the afternoon it was even uncomfortably crowded. The exhibit of pot flowers immediately inside the door, to the left hand on entering, appeared to attract a great deal of attention and he much admired by the ladies. The exhibits of butter and cheese were an attraction not only for the thrifty housewife, but for the visitors of the sterner sex, for it is not universally acknowledged now that the dairy industry promises to be the main cause of Alberta's future success as an agricultural country. The display was a splendid one, even if not large. Cheeses are there which would do credit to Ontario or even Cheshire, and such butter! There are rolls, "pats," tinnets and crocks, and the rich, even color is sufficient warrant of its excellence. Better butter has never been shown at any fair and by next year, if the dairy interest advances as it is expected, the exhibit at the Calgary fair will be indeed a credit to the country.

Better proof of the industry and taste of the fair ones of the Calgary district could not be afforded than the superb display of fancy work in the industrial department. The display may not be as large as similar ones at Toronto, Montreal or London; but the lack of quantity is amply made up by the excellence in quality. Not a single piece of slovenly or clumsy work was exhibited so far as the eye of man could detect and if the writer's chaperone can be relied upon the trained eyes of the fair sex failed to detect anything but clever conceptions and faultless execution. It is as unexplicable as it is regrettable that the exhibit of grain was not more comprehensive. It is true that the samples shown were unsurpassable. Wheat of all the grades, barley do, and oats also were there in the sheaf and threshed. Every sample was excellent, but the comparatively small number of entries is apt to give the casual visitor an idea that we have but very few farmers here who can and do raise grain. Next year's exhibition should see dozens of such exhibits as that of Mr. Gaetz of Red Deer, with the products of the soil neatly and artistically arranged in such a way as to catch the eye and absorb the interest of the casual visitor.

At the time of going to press the official list of prizes has not been made public, but our reporters gathered a few of them from the tickets attached, which are as follows:—

Fife wheat, 1, S Watson; 2, W B Steele. Special prize for best, 5 bushels of wheat, W B Steele.

Welcome oats, 1, John Paterson; Early Race Horse, 2, John Paterson. The first prize oats weighed 49½ pounds to the bushel.

Black oats, 1, Bone, Wright & Turner.

Barley, 1, J B Frouse; 2, A C Sparrow. Collection of grain in sheaf, 1, John Paterson; 2, Mr Hemming.

Factory Cheese, E. Healy. (Spring Bank), 1, W. J. Andrews, 2.

Butter in prints, class 17, section 4, entry 6, Sandy Watson, 1.

Butter in prints, class 17, section 4, entry 2; W. J. Andrews 2.

Butter in prints, class 17, sect. 4, entry 7 Sam Ray, 3.

Butter in prints, class 18, sec. 3, W. A. Lougheed, 1; Sandy Watson, 2; Joseph R. Buntz, 3.

General collection of butter in prints, rolls and crocks, John Patterson, special prize.

Butter in Crocks, class 17, section 5, Joe R Buntz, 2; John Patterson, High River, 3; section 6, W A Lougheed, 2; S Watson 3.

Home made bread, Mrs W J Andrews, 1.

Exhibition Notes.

The display of goods, many of them of Calgary manufacture as well as the agricultural, dairy products and animals on the fair grounds are very fine.

Not the least interesting amongst the exhibits are samples of white oats, champion wheat and very fine potatoes, grown by the Blackfoot Indians, and put on exhibition by Mr. Magnus Begg, the government Indian agent.

The Royal City Mills, of New Westminster, B. C., for which Mr. J. N. Coffin is agent here, have a very nice show of woodwork, in doors, newels, etc. In this lot we noticed one newel post of cedar very tastily inlaid. Their exhibit is not large but is very good.

A very important exhibit is that of Mr. W H Cushing, of the Calgary Planing Mills and sash and door factory. These goods were in the rough lumber some 24 hours before they were placed in the hall. There are panel doors with glass sections, all wood panel doors, newel posts, bannisters etc., and a large assortment of mouldings, casing blocks and base boards, most of these are made of cedar which cannot be excelled for beauty of grain. The workmanship is equal to the best found in the cities of the east. They are simply splendid samples of workmanship, doing great credit to Calgary enterprise.

The collection of grain, roots and vegetables exhibited by the Rev. Leo Gaetz of Red Deer, are a marvel. The judges in their report it is understood will recommend them as worthy of a special cash prize, both on account of the number of varieties and excellence of quality both of grain and vegetables exhibited. It comprises Onega and Ladoga wheat. This wheat weighs 6 to 8 pounds per bushel over the standard weight of American wheat. The white barley shown is very fine, there being two varieties, six row and four row. The former is a wonderfully plump heavy grain, the latter produced 40 bushels to one bushel sown. There is a sample of black barley shown, the color of the ale it would make we cannot vouch for, but it certainly would be all right for porter, it weighs 65 pounds to the measured bushel. Of white oats there are two kinds, the Welcome and Egyptian, these are both very heavy grains and will weigh fully as much as the Ontario standard for barley. There is also a nice sample of flaxseed, which though good, does not excel eastern flax so much as the other cereals do. There are also fine specimens of cabbage, carrots and onions.

Distinguished Visitors.

Lieut. General Sir Fred Middleton, Lady Middleton, Hon. Geo. Kirkpatrick, M. P., ex-speaker of the House of Commons, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mr. Long, member of the Imperial House of parliament, and Capt. Wise, A. D. C., to Sir Fred Middleton, arrived here this morning in Mr. Kirkpatrick's private car Metapedia. The car was side-tracked here and the distinguished visitors spent the day in town. At the request of the directors of the Agricultural Society General Middleton and Mr. Long kindly consented to act as judges in the horse ring at the fair and entered into their important and arduous duties with great interest. Their awards also gave very general satisfaction, an unusual occurrence worthy of mention. All of the members of the party expressed themselves pleased with the exhibition and surprised at Calgary's progress.

MARRIED.

RITCHIE—WILDS: At Calgary, on the 25th inst., by Rev. J. C. Herdman, W. J. Ritchie, of Calgary, to Mary, second daughter of Robert Wilds, of Grenfell, Ass'n.

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## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,

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